run5

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Issue 7

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Featured in this Issue ★ 1942 – a campaign variant for Russia Sealion 1941 — a scenario for the Battlefront Game System * Battleaxe - a scenario for the Battlefront Game System ★ More programming hints from Roger Keating T8 1 Campaign rules to link the Utah and Cherbourg scenarios from Battles in Normandy * Russia- More Designer's Notes French and American Aircraft of WWII for Europe

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Run 5

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EDITOR'S CHANCE

As you can see from the front cover, the third edition of *Reach for the Stars* is just about ready. Nick Stathopoulos' has done a splendid album painting for us.

Battles In Normandy was released on June 6th, our first game ever to be finished on schedule.

It looks like we will just complete the pasteup in time to have the magazine printed before we leave for Baltimore and the Origins '87 Game Convention.

See you there!

WORK IN PROGRESS

Reach for the Stars (3rd Edition)

We have always believed that *Reach for the Stars* is unique as a computer game. We are still getting letters from fans who remain strong in their praise some years after its release and *Reach for the Stars* remains a favourite game at SSG, despite the unimaginable number of times it has been played.

For those unfamiliar with the game, *RFTS* is a four player game of space conquest and colonization. As a fledgling space tyrant, you start with only one planet. Then you expand your space empire by exploration and colonization, while maintaining tight economic control of your empire. Since there are always four players in the game, (the computer runs any that are not controlled by humans), expanding empires will sooner or later collide.

This is when colonization turns to conquest as you fight for a the choicest pieces of interstellar real estate. All the while you are faced with classic economic dilemmas. Should you build more warships now or invest in the future of your economy through industry and R&D. In a four player game you can never have too many warships but in the long run a better performing economy can and will crush you. No one said space-tyranting was meant to be easy.

Now we are going to make a great product even better. The new scenario will have even more tough decisions to make. The range of your starships in unexplored space is now restricted. Paying for navigation technology will increase this range. Industrial technology can increase the effectiveness of your economy, but you have to pay for it first.

Planets can now maintain standing armies to help repel invaders, unfortunately they cost a lot to maintain. (Check with the Pentagon

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For those of you who don't want to spend this extra money. . . don't worry. All the data necessary to build the magazine scenarios will be provided for you.

North American subscribers should send a cheque or money order (in US funds) to our US office. Everyone else should send their cheque, money-order, Visa or Mastercard to our Australian office.

Individual scenario disks can be purchased for \$15.00 each. Back issues are available for \$5.00 each plus \$1.00 (surface) or \$4.00 (air) for postage and handling.

about that one). Even ordinary citizens cost more as their standard of living increases and they clamour for more high tech consumer toys. (Ask the Kremlin).

Standing armies make planetary conquest more difficult and all conquered planets are now more difficult to incorporate in your empire as the ungrateful population keep throwing sand in your silicon chips. Outright guerilla war is a certainty if you don't garrison them well.

With the new scenario, we have simultaneously increased the emphasis on both the military

and economic aspects of *RFTS*. That's got to make for a great game.

Naturally, the versions of *RFTS* for Mac, IBM and Amiga that we are currently working on will contain the new material as well as the original game. The Mac version will be finished first with release planned for October 1987 to coincide with the Apple and Commodore enhancements. The Apple version will run on the IIGS like all our software. However, we are planning a IIGS specific version (using the mouse and menus) for release at the same time.

The existing Apple and Commodore versions of *RFTS* will also get the new scenario. The rules for the new scenario will be bound into Issue 8 of *Run 5* and all disk subscribers will get the *RFTS* scenario disk appropriate to their computer. The new disk is not a standalone game but will require the Second Edition disk to boot. Those disk subscribers who already own *RFTS* will therefore get the new scenario for nothing.

All RFTS sold from then on will naturally contain the new material and will be called RFTS Third Edition. People with the the new material who don't own RFTS Second Edition will be able to purchase it direct from SSG for \$25.00. Those lucky people who already own RFTS Second Edition will be able to purchase an upgrade consisting of the rules and the disk for \$20.00 from SSG.

The retail price for *RFTS Third Edition* will be \$40 for all versions.

Battles of the Civil War

This project is currently getting the bulk of our design time. We have determined the major structures of the game and begun work on organizing the data base.

The system will be *grand tactical* in scope; i.e. it will simulate entire battles from the perspective of the commanding officers present.

We have selected what we think to be a very innovative approach to the use of hidden units. Each hex on the battlefield is under the control of one side or another at any given time. We will use this feature to drive the mechanism which will reveal or hide units as appropriate. When entering your orders, all friendly formations will be visible as well as those enemy units identified by the sighting routines. During resolution of the turn (i.e. run time), moving units will appear/disappear as determined by the current hex control situation.

We have done a lot of work on the graphics; the screen images will be quite different from **Battlefront/Russla**.

The command structure will also be different from anything we have tried before. Subordination will be completely software driven so that, for example, an army commander could directly control corps, independent divisions and even independent brigades.

The distance between headquarters and the value of staff ratings will determine whether formations are in direct control or not. Formations beyond direct control will continue obeying their previous orders until the current one catches up with them. Each army commander (that's you, the player) will have access to the order menus of those subordinate formations in command range and can directly issue orders to their subordinates.

The striking feature about this system is the importance of efficient command structures. Trying to manage the Union forces directly at First Bull Run is going to be much harder than commanding them at Gettysburg.

Every formation in the game will have an arrival rating attached to it. This measures the likelihood of the unit reaching the battlefield; the value will range from certainty to highly unlikely.

We have introduced this concept to make it unnecessary to use stupid activation rules to hamstring forces at certain battles. History tells us that McClelland dropped the ball at Antietam. What's not so well known is that his hesitancy was principally due to uncertainty over the size and whereabouts of Lee's army. Our Antietam scenario will include provision for these uncertain units; it will be interesting to see just how many McClellands there are out there!

Similarly, the use of this scheme is vital to properly simulate Chancellorsville where the opposite problem wrecked the Union chances. This time Fighting Joe Hooker ignored any potential threat to his flanks and charged ahead; Stonewall Jackson rolled him up!

Rather than assign firepower rating and range values to each unit, we have provided an ordnance table for both small arms and artillery. These can be defined for each scenario and from this selection the equipment used by each brigade is determined.

We hope to release the first volume in this series (covering six Civil War battles) sometime in October.

LETTERS

Dear Mr Keating and Mr Trout,

I am writing to thank you for your company's personal attention given to your customers. I entered your *Carriers at War* contest and received a very nice note thanking me for my entry, it was greatly appreciated and really made my day to find out my entry was well accepted even though it didn't win. I am curious to know if you plan to have another contest for *CAW* in the future? If not, would you still accept scenarios and pay \$100 if you decided to print them in the future? I enjoy going to the library and doing research for new scenarios and wouldn't mind sending one or two in.

Well, keep up the great work, thanks for listening.

Eric Graef Independence, MO. USA

Dear Mr Ian Trout,

Thank you for the hours of enjoyment that you have given us through *Battlefront*. You have given our miniature addiction a new outlet on a grand scale. We own all your games (aren't we darlings) and we think you are great.

Now that the pleasantries are out of the way, down to business. We have a couple of questions. Why are the Panzer IV Ausf H's (we are assuming they are H models in 1944) in the Anzio scenario the equivalents of Panthers in rating at 12 apiece? The Panther had a 20% increase in penetration at most combat distances, had nearly twice the armour and was more agile and responsive, not to mention more feared by Allied tank crews.

On the subject of Panthers (you may have figured out by now that we have a certain attachment to them), why do Tigers earn a higher rating than Panthers? The short 88 of the Tiger had barely more killing power than the 75/48 of the IV Ausf H, and was inferior to the 'long 75' of the Panther. The increased armour of the Tiger, due to the lack of sloping, once again barely surpassed the IV Ausf H in protection (the Panther's front armour provided a 50% increase in protection over the Tiger). We are probably not telling you anything new through this information, but are curious to find out your reasoning (please don't use the 'dreaded Tiger' myth of some Allied tank crews).

We also enjoy the scenarios appearing in *Run* 5, especially the ones for *Europe Ablaze*. The creation routines for your games definitely ensure durable marketability. (Will there be a

way to play out the overrunning of Poland or France on the *Russia* system?). On the topic of scenarios, could you announce when you publish them in magazines (i.e. the Milne Bay scenario in *Breakout*) other than *Run 5*? This will not only introduce us to other magazines, but let us keep up with what is available for our games.

L. Veres, S. Voista (If we got the signatures right)

Colarado, USA

Dear lan and Roger,

I have recently had the opportunity to play Russia, and wish to congratulate you both on yet another fine game; to my mind, your best to date. The care and attention taken over the whole package just shines through and is in contrast to most of the opposition, who charge a fortune for their games and, more often than not, deliver a lack-lustre product in a box containing mostly thin air. Enough of the bouquets, now for the brick-bat! The one thing missing from the game is a strategic map facility; i.e. something that lets you zoom-out to view the map on at least one, and preferably two, different scales. I know that this must eat up the memory, but perhaps you'll find some room for it when designing your next game.

In the last issue of Run 5, several of your readers wrote in with game requests, here's mine to add to the list. Something along the line of Battlefront allowing you to represent different Napoleonic battles at the operational level; the possibilities for scenarios and variants are almost endless. I think that this would be a sure winner, especially as the computer game market is saturated with WWII and modern titles. I note that you have mooted a tactical game system for the 1700-1860 era, you have my vote for that too. Finally, have you any plans for IBM conversions? Preferably with EGA facility. . . now I know that's a minority preference.

Andrzej J. J. Cierpicki New Territories, HONG KONG

Dear Sir.

Congratulations on Russia. It is excellent as usual, you must get sick of people telling you what a great job you do! (No No No. . . we

Continued on p.48

MORE QUESTIONS (More Answers. . .)

Q. What factors affect combat in Europe Ablaze?

A. Offensive Combat - Max speed, manoeuvrability, firepower, climb rate, type (single engined, twin engined etc) and role (fighter, bomber etc).

Defensive Combat - Max speed, manoeuvrability, vulnerability, climb rate, type and role.

The above factors are combined to produce a plane factor which is used by the combat routines along with crew factors (fatigue, experience) and weather to produce final results.

All the plane factors work on a differential basis and the maximum speed differential is by far the most important of these (i.e. produces the greatest effect on the combat routines).

Q. In CAW I sometimes have problems vectoring fast task groups onto convoys. They seem to overshoot. What can I do about it?

A. There are problems with vectoring task groups with a large speed advantage onto slower moving groups. These are intrinsic to the movement system and cannot really be avoided. The solution is to get as close as possible to the target group and then reduce speed to only 5-10 knots greater than your opponent. This can be thought of as representing the carrying out of efficient search procedures.

Q. Since almost all US capital ships carried float planes, why are these not represented in any CAW scenario?

A. Almost all US Battleships and Cruisers did carry float planes. However, they were used as scout planes rather than search planes. They did not have a large range and they were employed for local reconnaissance, message transfers and so on. There was no doctrine for employing them as part of an integrated, long range search effort in conjunction with carrier based planes. The pilots were not trained for this and essentially they were not employed in this fashion. Similar reasoning applies to the Commonwealth ships. If these float planes

were left in they would contribute unfairly to the search capabilities of their task forces.

Q. Why are all the submarines in the Midway scenario concentrated at the top of the map?

A. Actually, they are correctly deployed on the map in their proper and historical locations. Its just that there wasn't the memory left for a routine to report them. If you wan't to change the locations go ahead, but you'll have to write down the locations as you put them in, as you can't determine them once you have done it.

MEA CULPA

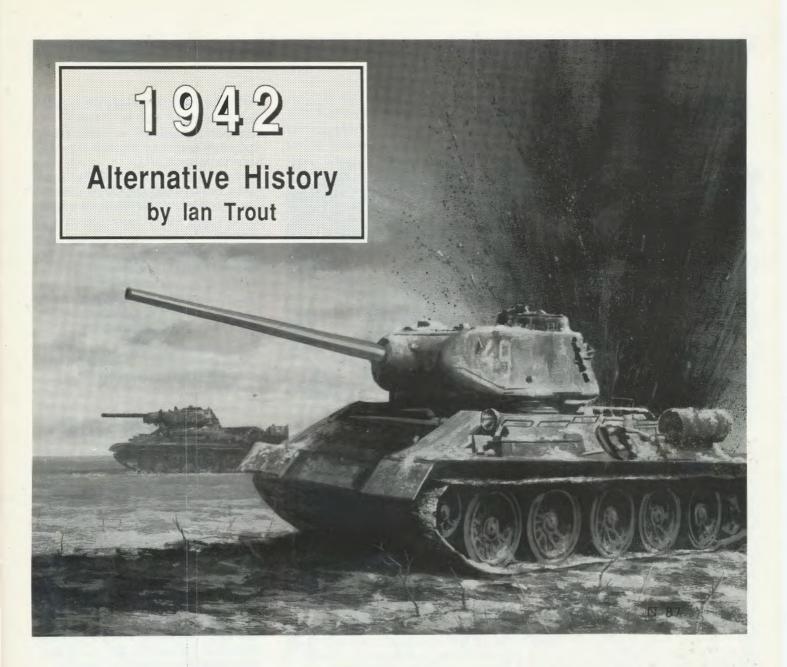
Carriers at War. Ken Wastrack who designed the Leyte Gulf scenario has been kind enough to inform us that there were some errors in the task force objectives. The corrected objectives are - Jap TGs 1 and 2 (16 Morotai), Jap TGs 3 and 4 (17 Tucloban), Jap TGs 5 and 6 (18 Dulag) and Allied TGs 1 and 8-13 (17 Tucloban). Another minor error is Japanese Ship Class #20. Change the torpedo tube value from 0 to 12.

Battlefront. In the Crete scenario for *Battlefront*, hex (20,3) is shown on the map as ocean and on the disk as clear. The disk scenario should be altered to fit the map if this is a problem.

In the Arnhem scenario the northern hexside of (24,16) should be made into a bridge. This is essential if the XXX Corps variant is used. There are also a number of other small discrepancies between the disk and the magazine, mainly to do with equipment names, none of which affect the play of the scenario

In the Task Force South scenario, the 2nd Divisional Asset of the 1st Division for the Argentines is listed in the magazine as attached at the start of the game to regiment 4. On the disk its attachment is 0, thus it never turns up for the battle at all. While this is not completely ahistorical, the Argies need all the help they can get, so change the attachment on the disk to read 4.

Continued on p.14



Of all the campaigns of the Second World War, it is the gigantic struggle on the Eastern Front which holds the greatest interest. The Wehrmacht's guiding principle in the inter-war years was to avoid a two-front war. Somehow this vital precaution was forgotten in the euphoria surrounding the unexpectedly easy conquest of France.

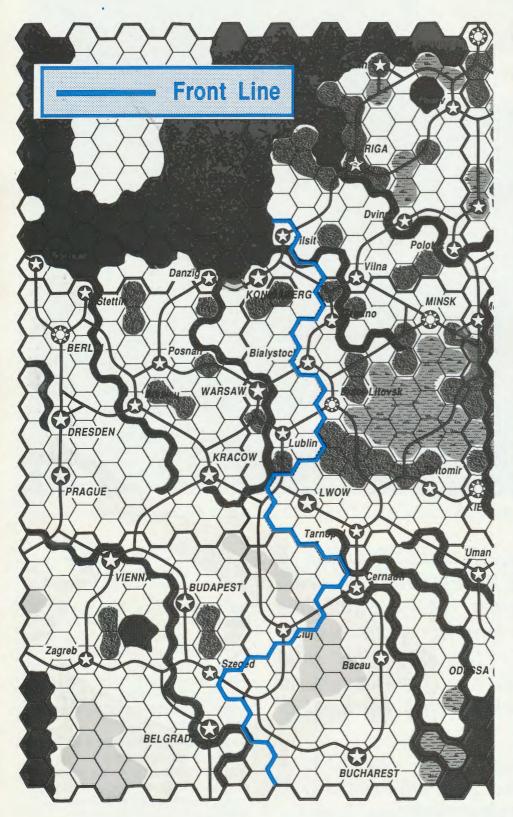
In this hypothetical campaign, we will examine what could have happened had Germany waited until Britain had been crushed before invading Russia.

ALTERNATIVE HISTORY

The 1942 campaign begins in May. The British Isles were conquered by the end of 1941 and German/Italian control of North Africa extends from Tunisia to Syria. The exiled British government directs its remaining forces from Canada. (You can, in fact, take part in this invasion of England; the Sealion 1941 scenario simulates the opening days of the campaign.)

No effective Allied opposition is in range of Western Europe. American help will take time to prepare; 1946 is the earliest they can be expected to intervene. They will, however, be able to provide additional lend-lease for the Russians once hostilities commence.

1942 - Map Changes



The Russians have not been idle in the interim. Having acquired a taste for Rumanian soil from their appropriation of Bessarabia in 1940, they take their ambition one step further and gobble up the rest of the country in the summer of 1941. The Rumanian military system is completely dismantled and little assistance can be expected from this direction once the invasion of Russia gets underway.

By way of compensation, however, the Wehrmacht has a one front war. The garrison requirements for other theatres is substantially reduced and little provision need be made for the defense of German industry from Allied strategic bombing.

This is the basic situation as the Germans gear up for the invasion of Russia. Would it have been enough to make any difference to the historical outcome?

CREATING THE CAMPAIGN

Rather than list all of the changes and features of this campaign in a descriptive fashion, it is more convenient to present them in the order of the Design Routines.

Save the historical campaign game into a spare location as described on page 50 of the *Russia* Player's Manual and then make the following modifications to it.

5.11 Map Size. No change.

5.12 Map Edit Utility. The front line has changed in the southern part of the map. Make the indicated changes to hex control.

The Russians have had time to convert most rail-lines to broad gauge. Convert all Axis rail hexes east of the front line to Soviet rail hexes except for the rail lines leading from Bucharest to Cluj and Szeged. (Bucharest is a Soviet rail hex).

5.21 City Creation. Seven cities have had changes made to their specifications. Use the tabulated data provided to make the necessary changes.

5.22 Region Creation. Add 1 to the lend-lease value of regions 1-5.

5.23 Troop Creation. There is a complete reorganization of the military formations. The initial invasion forces are deployed along the lines of the historical model, except in the south where the Hungarians now cover the extended Soviet border. Use the tabulated data provided to create the new troops.

Note that many of the Russian Armies begin the game in a fortified state.

5.24 Supply Allowance. No change.

5.25 Division Types. Alter the values as follows. Axis Pz XX (0-5, 2-7, 14-8); Axis PzG XX (0-5, 12-6, 27-7); Axis Inf XX (0-4, 22-3, 38-2); Soviet Tank XXX (0-4, 4-6, 20-7); Soviet Mech XXX (0-5, 16-7, 25-9), Soviet Rifle XX (0-3, 17-4, 33-3). For example, the time values for German Infantry XXs are 0, 22 and 38 while the corresponding combat values are 4, 3 and 2.

5.31 Scenario Details. No change.

5.32 Length Details. Week (3), month (5), year (42), invasion (1), first winter (0), length (50), Axis min VP (23), Soviet min VP (20), D Day (0) effect (0), Salerno (30) and effect (2).

5.33 Axis Briefing. These are essentially the same as the historical model except that they do not deteriorate so badly in the last years. See tabulated data provided.

5.34 Soviet Briefing. The Soviets begin the game with improved values to represent the benefit of an extra year of reorganization. See tabulated data provided.

5.4 Reinforcements. The reinforcement tracks for both sides are, of course, a subjective evaluation. If anything, they are an under-estimate. A 10-15% increase across the board would not take the OBs outside the bounds of probability. See the tabulated data provided.

PLAYING THE CAMPAIGN

Germany begins the game with the same advantage enjoyed in the historical campaign. I struggled for some before deciding to place the Russians under a *surprised* handicap. The deciding factor was that they were so completely surprised in 1941, when even elementary intelligence must have indicated an impending German attack.

The major component in the Russian collapse was not so much that they were unaware of German intentions but that they were so illprepared to fight a modern war against a mobile, aggressive opponent. The Russians certainly had the tools to repel the invaders. They did not have the doctrine, experience or (to a lesser extent) the leadership to put them to proper use.

There is no reason that I am aware of to think that this situation would have changed much

1942 - Army Groups/Theatres

ARMY GRP #	1-3	1	2	3
ARMY GRP ID	[9]	AG North	AG Centre	AG South
SUPPLY	0-7	7	7	7
ADMIN	0-7	7	7	7
AIR	0-63	24	41	27
GROUND -	0-63	28	55	46
BASED AT	0-76	15	16	12
ARM. XXs	0-7	0	1	1
MOT. XXs	0-7	0	1	0
INF. XXs	0-7	3	4	3

THEATRE #	5-7	5	6	7
THEATRE ID	[9]	Theatre A	Theatre B	Theatre C
SUPPLY	0-7	6	6	4
ADMIN	0-7	4	4	3
AIR	0-63	20	45	33
GROUND	0-63	27	60	44
BASED AT	0-76	37	60	62
ARM. XXs	0-7	2	4	1
MOT. XXs	0-7	1	2	1
INF. XXs	0-7	4	7	5

1942 - Axis Armees

ARMEE NUMBER	1-18	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ARMEE ID	[9]	1Pz Armee	9 Armee	10 Armee	2Pz Armee	3Pz Armee	11 Armee	12 Armee
ARMEE TYPE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUPPLY	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
ADMIN	0-7	7	.7	7	7	7	7	7
ARRIVAL	0-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASED AT	0-76	15	17	15	16	16	18	16
ARMY GROUP	0/1-3	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
ARMOURED XXs	0-7	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
MOTORIZED XXs	0-7	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
INFANTRY XXs	0-7	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
ARMEE NUMBER	1-18	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ARMEE ID	[9]	4Pz Armee	13 Armee	14 Armee	1 Hu Army	8 It Army	5Pz Armee	15 Armee
ARMEE TYPE	0-3	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
SUPPLY	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
ADMIN	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
ARRIVAL	0-60	0	0	0	0	2	10	10
BASED AT	0-76	12	12	10	10	10	0	0
ARMY GROUP	0/1-3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
ARMOURED XXs	0-7	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
MOTORIZED XXs	0-7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
			3		6	3		0

1942 - Soviet Fronts

FRONT NUMBER	19-31	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
FRONT ID	[9]	Leningrad	Baltic	Western	Moscow	Rumanian	Kiev	Odessa
FRONT TYPE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUPPLY	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
ADMIN	0-7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
ARRIVAL	0-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASED AT	0-76	37	25	22	60	31	21	28
THEATRE	0/5-7	5	5	6	6	7	7	7
ARMOURED XXs	0-7	1	1	1	4	0	2	- 2
MOTORIZED XXs	0-7	. 0	1	0	3	0	2	0
INFANTRY XXs	0-7	2	3	5	7	3	4	4
FRONT NUMBER	19-31	26	27	28	29	30	31	
FRONT ID	[9]	Caucasus	South	Don	Voronezh	Southwest	Staling'd	
FRONT ID FRONT TYPE		toponopopopopopopo		Don O		Southwest O		
2525555555555555555555555555555	[9]	Caucasus	South	processor and processor and	Voronezh	2020/2020/2020/2020	Staling'd	
FRONT TYPE	[9] 0-3	Caucasus O	South O	0	Voronezh O	0	Staling'd O	
FRONT TYPE SUPPLY	[9] 0-3 0-7	Caucasus 0 0	South 0 0	0	Voronezh O O	0	Staling'd O O	
FRONT TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN	[9] 0-3 0-7 0-7	Caucasus O O O	South O O O	0 0 0	Voronezh O O O	0 0 0	Staling'd O O O	
FRONT TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN ARRIVAL	[9] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-60	Caucasus 0 0 0 2	South 0 0 0 3	0 0 0 7	Voronezh 0 0 0 0 12	0 0 0 16	Staling'd 0 0 0 0 20	
FRONT TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN ARRIVAL BASED AT	[9] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-60 0-76	Caucasus	South	0 0 0 7 0	Voronezh 0 0 0 12	0 0 0 16 0	Staling'd 0 0 0 0 20 0	
FRONT TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN ARRIVAL BASED AT THEATRE	[9] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-60 0-76 0/5-7	Caucasus	South 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 7 0	Voronezh	0 0 0 16 0	Staling'd	

1942 - Axis Korps

KODDO	CARLINADED	4.40	4	0		-	_		_			
KORPS	S NUMBER	1-40	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
KORPS	S ID	[3]	46	56	10	8	12	20	9	28	35	41
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I FORT.	LEVEL	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KODD	0 TVDF			*****							********	
KOHP	S TYPE	0-7	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	2
SUPPI	IV	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
							/	/	/	7	7	7
ADMIN		0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
EXPER	RIENCE	0-7	7	7	5	6	5	5	7	6	6	7
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FATIG	UE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
LOSSE		0-7	0	0	0	0	0	^	•	•		
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ARME		0/1-18		1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4
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ARRIV	/AL	0-60	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
11170	CONTINU	000040000400						*********				
MAP	LOCATION	(x,y)	11,8	11,9	9,8	10,7	10,8	10,9	9,8	9,8	9,8	10,10
ARMO	URED XXs	0-7	2	1	0	0	0	^	•	^		
ANIVIO	OUED VV2	0-7	_ <	1	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	2
MOTO	RIZED XXs	0-7	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	200000000000000000000000000000000000000			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	**********			200000000000000000000000000000000000000		
INFAN	TRY XXs	0-7	0	0	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	0 1
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KORPS	S NUMBER	1-40	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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ARRIV	/A1	0-60	0	0					***********		ANTONIO ANTONIO	
Anniv	AL	0-60	U		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
MAPI	LOCATION	(x,y)	10,11	9,10	10,12	11,12	10,13	11,13	11,14	10.14	9.12	0.40
00000000000000000				3,10			10,10	11,10	116114	10,14	9,12	9,12
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KORPS	S NUMBER	1-40	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
KORPS	S ID	1-40 [3]	21 54	22 3	23 24	24 7	25 4	26 30	27 42	28 26	29 6	30 49
KORPS	S ID	[3]	54	3	24	7	4	30	42	26	6	49
KORPS FORT.	s id Level	[3] 0-3	54 0	3 0	24 0	7 0	4 0	30 0	42 0	26 0		49 0
KORPS FORT.	s id Level	[3] 0-3	54	3 0	24 0	7 0	4 0	30 0	42 0	26 0	6 0	49 0
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KORPS FORT.	s id Level s type	[3] 0-3	54 0	3 0	24 0	7 0	4 0	30 0	42 0	26 0	6 0	49 0
FORT. KORPS SUPPI	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7	3 0 2 7	24 0 2 7	7 0 1 7	4 0 1 7	30 0 1 7	42 0 5 7	26 0 1 7	6 0 1 7	49 0 5 7
FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN	SID LEVEL STYPE LY	[3] 0-3 0-7	54 0 1	3 0 2	24 0 2	7 0 1	4 0 1	30 0 1	42 0 5	26 0 1	6 0 1	49 0 5
FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN	SID LEVEL STYPE LY	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7	3 0 2 7 7	24 0 2 7 7	7 0 1 7 7	4 0 1 7	30 0 1 7 7	42 0 5 7 7	26 0 1 7 7	6 0 1 7 7	49 0 5 7 7
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KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4	3 0 2 7 7 6	24 0 2 7 7 6	7 0 1 7 7 4 7	4 0 1 7 7 5	30 0 1 7 7 5	42 0 5 7 7 7	26 0 1 7 7 6	6 0 1 7 7 4	49 0 5 7 7 6 7
FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I SIENCE UE ES	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7	7 0 1 7 7 4 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7	26 0 1 7 7 6	6 0 1 7 7 4	49 0 5 7 7 6 7
FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I SIENCE UE ES	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7	7 0 1 7 7 4 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7	26 0 1 7 7 6 7	6 0 1 7 7 4 7	49 0 5 7 7 6 7
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARME!	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I RIENCE UE ES E	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9	30 0 1 7 7 5	42 0 5 7 7 7	26 0 1 7 7 6	6 0 1 7 7 4	49 0 5 7 7 6 7
FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I RIENCE UE ES E	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7	7 0 1 7 7 4 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARRIV	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I RIENCE UE ES E /AL	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARRIV	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I RIENCE UE ES E	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPL ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEE ARRIV MAP I	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY ; I RIENCE UE ES E //AL LOCATION	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y)	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-118 0-60 (x,y)	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-118 0-60 (x,y)	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-118 0-60 (x,y)	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY II RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 0 3	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN	SID LEVEL SIYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMOI MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 0 3	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-80 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT.	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-80 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT.	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-80 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEL ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 3 35 11t 0 6	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 36 2lt 0 6	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 38 2SS 0 4	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 3 5 0 4	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMOI MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT.	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-80 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS SUPPI	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-80 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 3 35 11t 0 6 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 2lt 0 6 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0 4	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 3 5 0 4 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEL ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT.	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 3 35 11t 0 6 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 2lt 0 6 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0 4	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 3 5 0 4	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 11t 0 6 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 2lt 0 6 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0 4 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 3 3 3 3 3 5 0 4 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/1-18 0-80 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 31 1Hu 2 6 6 6 6 5	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 2 Hu 2 6 6 6 6	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 3 35 11t 0 6 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 2lt 0 6 7 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0 4	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 3 5 0 4 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-118 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 31 1Hu 2 6 6 6 6 5	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 2 Hu 2 6 6 6 6	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 3 35 11t 0 6 7 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 2lt 0 6 7 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 37 1SS 0 4 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 38 2SS 0 4 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 3 5 0 4 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 6 6 6 6 5 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 11t 0 6 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 2lt 0 6 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 3 3 3 3 3 5 0 4 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 4 6 6 6 6 5 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 9,17 0 0 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 37 1SS 0 4 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 5 0 4 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 6 6 6 6 5 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 6 4 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 3 7 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 0 4 0 0 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3SS 0 4 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 4 6 6 6 6 5 7	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 9,17 0 0 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 37 1SS 0 4 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 5 0 4 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 4 7 0 0 3 5 6 6 6 6 5 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 9,17 0 0 3 35 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 0 4 0 0 0 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 3 5 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 6 6 6 6 5 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 6 4 7	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 3 7 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 0 4 0 0 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3SS 0 4 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO ARMIN ARMO ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARRIV	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 6 6 6 6 5 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 1	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 11t 0 6 7 7 4 7 0	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 0 0 8	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MAP I	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 4 7 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 6 6 6 6 6 7 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 0 0 0 0 11 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 9,17 0 0 3 35 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 36 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 8 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 0 0 6,20 0 0 3 3 8 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3 8 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MAP I	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 6 6 6 6 5 7 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 1	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7 0 12 3 6,20	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 3 3 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 0 0 8	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MAP I ARMO	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 4 7 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 0 6 6 6 6 7 0 7 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0 11 0 8,22 1	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 33 3Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 9,19 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 11,0 11,0 0 11,0 0 0 0 0 11,0 0 0 0 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7 0 12 3 6,20 2	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 0 3 3 36 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0 12 3 6,20 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3 8 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 16 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MAP I ARMO	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 4 7 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 6 6 6 6 6 7 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0 11 0	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 0 0 0 0 11 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 6 7 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7 0 12 3 6,20	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 0 3 3 36 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0 12 3 6,20	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 8 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 0 0 6,20 0 0 3 3 8 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3 8 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARRIV MAP I ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARRIV MAP ARMO MOTO	S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE IUE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs RIZED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 4 7 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0 11 0 8,22 1	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 3 3 3 Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 9 11 0 0 9 11 0 0 0 11 0 0 0 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 11,0 11,0 0 0 11,0 11,0 0 0 0 11,0 0 0 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7 0 12 3 6,20 2	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 0 3 3 36 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0 12 3 6,20 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 0 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3 8 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO INFAN KORPS KORPS FORT. KORPS SUPPI ADMIN EXPER FATIG LOSSE ARMEI ARMO MOTO	SID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs RIZED XXs TRY XXs S NUMBER S ID LEVEL S TYPE LY I RIENCE UE ES E /AL LOCATION URED XXs	[3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	54 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 7 2 9,12 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 4 7 0 0 3 3 1 1 1 0 6 6 6 6 7 0 7 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0	3 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,15 1 2 0 32 2Hu 2 6 6 6 4 7 0 11 0 8,22 1	24 0 2 7 7 6 7 0 8 0 9,16 3 1 0 33 3Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 9,19 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 8 0 10,15 0 0 2 34 4Hu 2 6 6 6 6 3 7 0 11,0 11,0 0 11,0 0 0 0 0 11,0 0 0 0 0	4 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 9,17 0 0 3 3 1lt 0 6 7 7 4 7 0 12 3 6,20 2	30 0 1 7 7 5 7 0 9 0 10,18 0 0 3 3 36 2lt 0 6 7 7 3 7 0 12 3 6,20 0	42 0 5 7 7 7 7 0 9 9,18 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26 0 1 7 7 6 7 0 10 0 6,20 0 3 3 2SS 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 7 7 4 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 3 3 9 3 8 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 0 5 7 7 6 7 0 10 2 6,20 0 0 3 40 4SS 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 16 0 0 0

1942 - Axis Reinfs

TURN	ASP	GSP	ARM	мот	INF	MR	IR
TURN	0-31	0-31	0-7	0-7	0-150	0-15	0-15
5/42	2	5	-	-	3	1	2
6/42	5	5			8		2
7/42	8	9	-	-	5	1	-
8/42	3	6		1	5		
9/42	4	4	_	1	3	1	-
10/42	4	7		1		1	2
11/42	4	5 5	-	1	-	1	2 4
12/42	4				3		
1/43	4	6	1	-	5	2	4
2/43	3	4			5	2	4
3/43	3	8	1	1	7	2	3
4/43	3	5			6	2	3
5/43	4	5 3	1	1	4	2	3
6/43					3		3
7/43	4 5	3	=	-	80000000	2	2
8/43 9/43	5	6			1	2 2	2 2 2 3
10/43	5	7	-	-	4	2	2
11/43	5		4		6	2	2
12/43	5	9	1	-	6	2	3
1/44	6	10		1	3	2	3
2/44	6	10	1	1	3	2	4
3/44	6	8	1	1	4	3	4
4/44	6	8	2	i	2	3	4
5/44	6	8	2		6	3	2
6/44	6	8	3	2	3	3	3
7/44	5			1	4	3	3
8/44	5	7	1			2	3
9/44	5	7	-	-	2	2	3
10/44	5	7 7 7 7				2	2
11/44	5	6	-	-	-	2	2
12/44	5	6			3	2	2 2 2 2 2 2 3
1/45	6	7	-	-	3	2	2
2/45	6	7 10			1	3	2
3/45	6	10	-	-	1	3	2
4/45	6	12	2		1	3	3
5/45	6	13	2	-	4	3	3
6/45	6	15	2		5	3	4
7/45	8	15	- "	-	11	3	4
8/45	8				8	3	4
9/45	8	11	-	-	3	3	4
10/45	7	8	-		3	3	3
11/45	7	8		-	7	3	3 2
12/45	6	8			2	2	2
1/46	6	8	1	-	3	2	2
2/46	6	8		-			2 2 2
3/46	6	8	1	-	2	2	2
4/46	6	8	1	+		2	2 2 2
5/46	6	8	-	-000000000	1	2	2
6/46	6	8		-	1	2	2

had the Russians enjoyed an extra year of preparation.

The first few weeks will go well for Germany, save only that losses will be a little higher because of the fortifications which follow the northern part of the front line and the better quality of Russian infantry divisions.

The drives to Leningrad and Smolensk will go much as usual. The extra three weeks of

1942 - Soviet Reinfs

	AOD	000	ADM	MOT	INIT	MD	ID
TURN	ASP 0-31	GSP 0-31	0-7	MOT 0-7	0-150	MR 0-15	IR 0-15
5/42	0-31	0-31	0-7	0-7	7	0-13	0-15
6/42	12	9	-	- 	28	-	-
7/42	12	14	2		35		
8/42	8	20	2	-	30	-	
9/42	4	22	·· · · · ·		22		8885588
10/42	7	13	4		15		
11/42	7	13			12	_	-
12/42	6	15			12		1
1/43	8	16	_	-	8	1	1
2/43	6	16	2		6	i	3
3/43	9	10	3	-	6	1	3
4/43	9	9	3	1	13	i	3
5/43	9	15	3		9	1	3
6/43	9	12	3		7		3
7/43	9	11	1	-	8	1	3
8/43	8	11			8	i	3
9/43	8	11	-	-	11	1	3
10/43	8	11	4.00	4	13	i	3
11/43	8	11	-	1	10	1	4
12/43	6	11	2		10	2	4
1/44	6	11	1	1	7	2	4
2/44	6	11			9	2	4
3/44	6	12	-	-	8	2	4
4/44	6	12	3	1	7	2	4
5/44	6	13	2	3	6	2	4
6/44	6	13	4	1	12	2	4
7/44	7	13	2	_	4	3	4
8/44	7	14			5	3	4
9/44	7	14	-	-	8	3	3
10/44	7	14				3	3
11/44	7	14	-	-	9	3	3
12/44	7	14	1		3	3	3
1/45	8	10	1	1	3	3	3
2/45	8	10			1	3	3
3/45	8	10	-	-	5	3	3
4/45	8	10	1		1	3	3
5/45	8	10	2	-	4	3	3
6/45	8	10	-		5	3	2
7/45	8	10	-	-	4	3	2
8/45	8	10			6	3	2
9/45	9	7	2	1 1	6 3	3	2
10/45	9	7		1	4	3	2
11/45	9	7	-	-	7	3	2
12/45	7	7	-	-	2	3	2
1/46	7	7	1	-	5	3	2
2/46	7	7	2	1	3	3	2
3/46	7	7	-		4	3	2
4/46	7	7	-	1	3	3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
5/46			-	-	3	1	2
6/46	7	7	-		3	3	2
					-		

summer campaigning compensates for the stronger Russians.

Things are tougher in the south. There are no Rumanian forces and the front line is up to 6 hexes further west.

A reinforced Hungarian army guards the new frontier while a German Armee is en route to Budapest and should be deployed by the end of June. The mountains provide good

1942 - Sov	riet A	vrm	es								
ARMY NUMBER	41-94	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
ARMY ID	[3]	5	19	27	7	8	13	26	3	9	21
FORT, LEVEL	0-3	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	2	2
ARMY TYPE	0-7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SUPPLY	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
ADMIN	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
EXPERIENCE	0-7	3	4	2	5	4	4	2	4	4	3
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
LOSSES	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRONT	0/19-31	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	21	21	21
ARRIVAL	0-60	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAP LOCATION	(x,y)	18,0	17,2	18,0	11,6	11,7	13,4	12,8	12,9	and the same of	erennen en e
ARMOURED XXs	0-7	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	12,12
MOTORIZED XXs	0-7	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
INFANTRY XXs	0-7	4	4	3	3	4	3	4	3	4	0
INFANTAT AAS	0-7	4	4	3	3	4	3	4	3	4	4
ARMY NUMBER	41-94	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
ARMY ID	[3]	23	6	1	6	16	22	1	2	3	4
FORT. LEVEL	0-3	(3)	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARMY TYPE	0-7	1	2	3	1	1	1	7	7	7	1
SUPPLY	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	3
ADMIN	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	3
EXPERIENCE	0-7	2	4	5	4	2	2	7	7	6	4
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
LOSSES	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRONT	0/19-31	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	23
ARRIVAL	0-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	6	0
MAP LOCATION	(x,y)	12,13	11,11	12,10	22,8	25,6	25,9	25,6	25,6	25,6	10,22
ARMOURED XXs	0-7	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTORIZED XXs	0-7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

INFANTRY XXs	0-7	5	3	1	4	4	4	6	6	6	3
ARMY NUMBER	41-94	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID	41-94 [3]	61 10	62 32	63 12	64 2	65 11	66 12	67 18	68 4	69 14	70 33
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL	41-94 [3] 0-3	61 10 0	62 32 0	63 12 0	64 2 0	65 11 2	66 12 2	67 18 2	68 4 2	69 14 0	70 33 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7	61 10 0	62 32 0	63 12 0 4	64 2 0 3	65 11 2	66 12 2 1	67 18 2	68 4 2 2	69 14 0	70 33 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3	62 32 0 1 3	63 12 0 4 3	64 2 0 3 3	65 11 2 1 5	66 12 2 1 5	67 18 2 1 5	68 4 2 2 5	69 14 0 1 5	70 33 0 1 5
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3	62 32 0 1 3	63 12 0 4 3	64 2 0 3 3 3	65 11 2 1 5	66 12 2 1 5	67 18 2 1 5	68 4 2 2 5 5	69 14 0 1 5	70 33 0 1 5
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3	62 32 0 1 3 3	63 12 0 4 3 3	64 2 0 3 3 3	65 11 2 1 5 5	66 12 2 1 5 5	67 18 2 1 5 5	68 4 2 2 5 5 3	69 14 0 1 5 5	70 33 0 1 5 5
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7	62 32 0 1 3 3 2	63 12 0 4 3 3 5	64 2 0 3 3 3 3	65 11 2 1 5 5 5 7	66 12 2 1 5 5 7	67 18 2 1 5 5 7	68 4 2 2 5 5 5 7	69 14 0 1 5 5 2	70 33 0 1 5 5 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/19-31	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y)	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y)	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y)	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 0	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0/19-31 0-60 (x,y) 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	63 12 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 23 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 3 80 9 0 5 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3 7 1 34 0 1 5 5 3	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	73 20 9,24 0 0 4 73 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 3 80 9 0 5 0
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3 7 1 3 4 0 1 5 5 3 7	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	73 20 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 4 7 0 5 0 0 0	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3 7 1 3 4 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 0 2 3 7	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4	73 0 9,24 0 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3 75 4 0 5 0 0 0 0 0	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 12,15 0 0 4	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3
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ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION ARMOURED XXS MOTORIZED XXS INFANTRY XXS ARMY NUMBER ARMY ID FORT. LEVEL ARMY TYPE SUPPLY ADMIN EXPERIENCE FATIGUE LOSSES FRONT ARRIVAL MAP LOCATION	41-94 [3] 0-3 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	61 10 0 1 3 3 4 7 0 23 0 9,22 0 0 3 7 1 34 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 2 3 7	62 32 0 1 3 3 2 7 0 23 0 9,23 0 0 4 72 1 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	73 0 9,24 0 0 4 3 3 5 7 0 9,24 0 0 4	64 2 0 3 3 3 3 7 0 23 0 13,25 2 1 1 74 3 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	65 11 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,17 1 0 3 7 5 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	66 12 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 11,15 0 0 4	67 18 2 1 5 5 3 7 0 24 0 10,16 1 0 4 77 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	68 4 2 2 5 5 3 7 0 12,15 0 0 4 7 0 5 0 0 0 12,15 0 0 0 12,15	69 14 0 1 5 5 2 7 0 25 0 12,18 0 0 3 79 8 0 0 5 0 0 12,18 0 0 0 12,18	70 33 0 1 5 5 3 7 0 25 0 12,20 0 0 3 80 9 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0
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1942 - Soviet Armies (Cont.)

ARMY NUMBER	41-94	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
ARMY ID	[3]	10	3	4	5	7	8	15	1	2	3
FORT. LEVEL	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARMY TYPE	0-7	5	3	3	3	2	2	4	6	6	6
SUPPLY	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ADMIN **	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EXPERIENCE	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FATIGUE	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOSSES	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRONT	0/19-31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARRIVAL	0-60	32	6	12	14	3	5	7	14	17	28
MAP LOCATION	(x,y)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARMOURED XXs	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTORIZED XXs	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INFANTRY XXs	0-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1942 - Cities

CITY NUMBER	FIXED	10	13	19	28	68	75	76
CITY NAME	FIXED	Budapest	Szeged	Cluj	Cernauti	Vologda	Kazan	Saratov
MAP LOCATION	FIXED	6,20	7,22	10,21	13,19	28,0	35,4	35,11
VICTORY PTS	0-7	6	2	2	3	1	1	1
COUNTRY	0-7	1	1	1	2	7	7	7
ARMY GROUP	1-3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2
THEATRE	1-3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2
MAJOR CITY	0-1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
CAPITAL	0-1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
FORTRESS	0-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AXIS SUPPLY	0-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOVIET SUPPLY	0-1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1

1942 - Axis Briefing

YEAR	39-50	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	
ASP VALUE	0-7	5	5	5	4	4	
GSP VALUE	0-7	5	5	4	4	4	
KORPS LEADER.	0-7	6	5	5	4	4	
ARMEE LEADER.	0-7	5	4	4	4	4	
OKH ADMIN	0-7	- 6	5	5	4	4	
OKH SUPPLY	0-7	5	5	5	4	4	
RUMANIAN	0-7	-	-			4	
HUNGARIAN	0-7	3	4	3	1	-	
ITALIAN	0-7	2	3	2	-	-	
OKW ARM. XXs	0-63	2	2	2	3	7	
OKW MOT, XXs	0-63	1	1	1	2	2	
OKW INF. XXs	0-63	10	10	13	18	20	
OKW ASPs	0-63	12	14	18	22	25	
OKW GSPs	0-63	10	10	15	18	20	

1942 - Soviet Briefing

YEAR	39-50	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	
ASP VALUE	0-7	3	4	4	4	4	
GSP VALUE	0-7	4	4	5	5	5	
"ARMY LEADER.	0-7	4	4	5	5	5	
FRONT LEADER.	0-7	3	4	4	5	5	
STAVKA ADMIN	0-7	4	4	4	5	5	
STAVKA SUPPLY	0-7	4	4	5	5	5	
SECOND FRONT	0-7	•		1	1	3	
PARTISANS	0-7	-	1	3	3	2	

defensive terrain and the best policy is to let the Russians withdraw; there is always a chance that a vigorous drive from Lwow to Uman could trap the retreating Soviets.

What can the Russians do for the first two months? Skilful retreat is called for. The rugged terrain between Pskov and Leningrad is ideal for defense; similarly, it's dangerous to let the Germans advance much past Smolensk without a good fight. Remember that the Wehrmacht is not going to suffer a first winter penalty. They will be much less vulnerable to counter-attack. Use the bad weather to dig in everywhere.

The issue should be decided in the summer of 1943.

CAMPAIGN VARIATIONS

- 1. Surprise. The most obvious possibility is to remove the surprise handicap from the Russians. If this is done, there is a real chance that the Germans can be held at the border for several weeks.
- 2. First Winter. The first winter penalty can be introduced for the Germans. I chose to remove it primarily because the winter of 1942 was remarkably mild while the previous winter was a nightmare. The Germans were not to have known this, of course, so that some sort of penalty may be justified for their inadequate preparation.
- 3. Faster Soviet Mobilization. Add 6 infantry divisions to the Soviet reinforcement track for the months August 1942 to February 1943. To compensate, reduce infantry replacements by 1 for all of 1942-1944.
- 4. German Infantry Divisions. Assume that the decline in the quality of German infantry divisions was halted. Change the combat value of all German infantry divisions to 4. The cost of this change is that infantry replacements from June 1943 until the end of the war must be reduced by 1 per month.
- 5. American Armour. Assume that America provided a massive increase in tanks, trucks and other armoured vehicles. Increase the lend lease values of regions 4 and 5 to 7 and add 2 tank corps and 1 mech corps to the Russian OB in Oct 1943, Feb and July 1944 and Jan 1945.
- 6. Increased Partisan Activity. The level of Partisan activity is fairly low; purely the prejudice of the designer against terrorist operations. It may well be more accurate to add 1 to the Partisan value for 1943-1946.

PROGRAMMING AND GAME DESIGN

Structuring a Database

by Roger Keating and his Computer

The development of an accessable database is one of the most important aspects of game design, as well as one of the first things that has to be done. This article will give you some idea of how we go about doing it.

INTRODUCTION

Since Issue 5 I have been working assiduously on a magnificent piece of software. It will be titled the **Automatic Software Writer**, or ASW for short, and will be able to translate 6502 code into English as well as having the dual purpose of documenting my programs. Thus, in a single step I will be able to keep both Ian Trout and Gregor Whiley happy as well as being able to sell this program to almost all known programmers. (From the number of letters I have received I feel that the demand for this product will outsell any of our games).

Unfortunately, this product is slightly behind schedule, a state which is not uncommon among game producers, and I will have to lean

again on my friend John Smith who manages to reword some of the copy so that sentences more or less make sense and he even throws in a few verbs and adjectives to make it readable. (He had nothing to do with the previous sentence. J.S.)

The first thing to do in designing any computer game is to decide on the scope and scale of the map display and the units that will make up the orders of battle. The second step is to develop the database. The first part of this process is to put the map into the database. I described how to do this in Issue 5. In the *Battlefront* database there are eight sections, the first of which is the map. In this article I will describe the remaining sections and show how the structure of the units can be stored in it.

THE BATTLEFRONT DATABASE

Assume that the numbers used in this article are decimal unless preceded by a dollar sign in which case they are hexadecimal (e.g. 100 = \$64). The word 'page' indicates 256 (\$100) bytes in memory. When programming I find it useful to divide memory into pages. It enables me to easily allocate memory to various tasks and to simply address it. Thus page \$5500 indicates the bytes between \$5500 and \$55FF.

The eight sections of the database are illustrated in Fig 1 and described below.

- 1. MAP. This is the most important section (it takes up the most space) and was the subject of the article in Issue 5.
- 2. HQ. This section contains the data for divisional and the regimental headquarters' data. There are 30 HQs in the game and 32 bytes have been allocated to each HQ (i.e. 30 * 32 = 960 bytes) hence 4 pages (4 * 256 = 1024 bytes) are reserved for this.
- 3. UN. The prefix UN used to describe this section stands for units and contains the battalion data. I will know that any variable

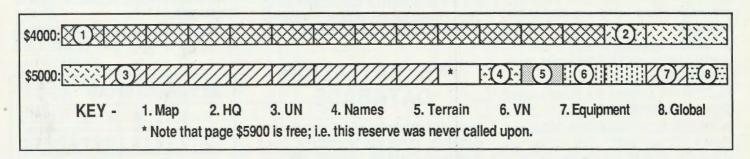


Fig 1. Battlefront Database Layout

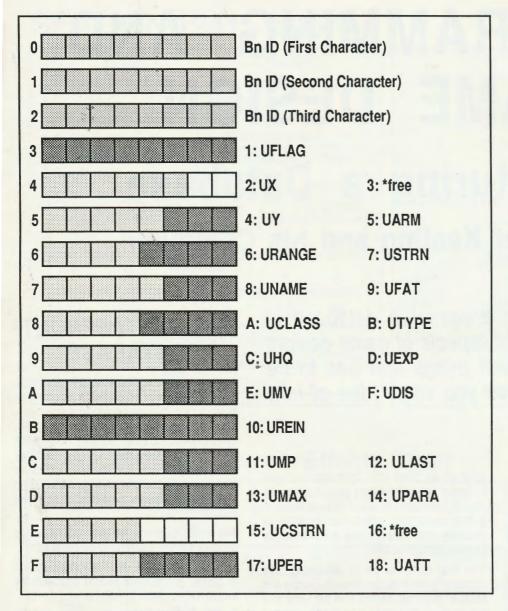


Fig 2. Battalion Database Structure

within the game that starts with a 'U' will have something to do with battalions. I did not use 'BN' as a number of global variables already start with the letter 'B'. There is a total of 120 battalions each using 16 bytes (120 * 16 = 1920 bytes) and this fits into 8 pages (2048 bytes). I will expand on the way the battalion data was set up later in this article.

- **4. NAMES.** This page is used to store the scenario briefing data and the names of the commanders.
- 5., TERRAIN. Contains the terrain names, movement and combat data.
- **6. VN.** This section contains the names and details (12 for each side) of the 24 objectives. 20 bytes are allocated for each objective (24 * 20 = 480 bytes). VN occupies 2 pages (512 bytes).

- 7. EQUIPMENT. This page contains the 32 names of equipment in the scenario i.e. TIGER TANKS, RIFLES, etc.
- 8. GLOBALS. This page contains all global variables (variables that are used in all parts of the game as opposed to local variables that are used within a specific subroutine). Data in these pages include information on weather, victory and scenario details.

THE BATTALION DATABASE

There is a maximum of 120 battalions in *Battlefront*. In this type of database, space must be allocated for 120 battalions even though in a particular game only few battalions are being used. There are 24

variables and a 3 character ID in each battalion to fit the data into the 16 available bytes. As each character in the ID field takes up 1 byte the remaining 13 bytes must contain the 24 variables so that 1 byte may contain more than 1 variable.

Looking at fig 2, the 16 bytes have been laid out showing the bit structure. Each byte is made up of 8 bits (either 1 or 0). If a variable uses 2 bits it may contain a number between 0 and 3, 3 bits allows a value between 0 and 7, 4 bits between 0 and 15. The strength, USTRN, of a battalion has a maximum value of 15 and therefore is allocated 4 bits. The other bits in the byte containing USTRN are also a 0 to 15 value, URANGE, which indicates the range of the unit. A description of the variables that make up a battalion of Battlefront follows.

- 1. UFLAG. Each bit in this byte is used as a flag (8 flags in all). A flag is a computer term which means that a particular feature of the program is either on or off. If a particular bit is set (i.e. 1) then the flag is on and if not set (i.e. 0) then the flag is off. The flags used for a battalion are;
- **Bit 0.** The battalion is *mechanized/not mechanized* (i.e. the battalion has a movement allowance greater than the MECH MIN value, as described in the *Battlefront* rule book).

Bit 1. Free.

- Bit 2. Indicates that the battalion has been routed/not routed.
- Bit 3. Is contacted/not contacted by an enemy regiment.
- Bit 4. Is engaged/not engaged by an enemy regiment.
- **Bit 5.** Indicates that the battalion has been involved in combat, either as the attacker or defender, during the turn.
- Bit 6. Indicates that this battalion has been involved in minor combat during the turn.
- Bit 7. Indicates that the battalion has been KIA'd (killed in action) or was not used for this scenario.

Therefore a battalion with UFLAG = \$45, as illustrated in fig 3, tells us that it is a

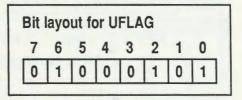


Fig 3. UFLAG Structure

mechanized unit that has been routed and been involved in minor combat during the turn. If the routed flag is set then it would be impossible to set bits 3,4 or 5 as a routed unit cannot be involved in any combat other than minor combat.

- 2. UX (0-38; \$0-\$26). The x map coordinate. Co-ordinates go from 0 (extreme left column) to 38 (extreme right column).
- 3. *Free (0-3). Not used!
- 4. UY (0-27; \$0-\$1B). The y map coordinate. Co-ordinates go from 0 (top row) to 27 (bottom row).
- 5. UARM (0-2). Indicates whether this battalion is an ARMOUR, ARTILLERY or INFANTRY unit.
- 6. URANGE (0-15). The unit's range (in hexes).
- 7. USTRN (0-15). The unit's initial strength (0 = not used in the scenario).
- 8. UNAME (0-31). The index to the battalion equipment list. In the battalion in diagram 3 the equipment number is 2 which, when cross-indexed with the equipment data, gives the name 'MATILDA'.
- 9. **UFAT (0-7).** The battalion's fatigue state (0 = exhausted, 7 = fresh).
- 10 (#A). UCLASS (0-13). The type of battalion e.g. armour, anti-tank.
- 11 (\$B). UTYPE (0-15). The weapon's relative effectiveness rating. This is a relative rating, so a Tiger tank may be 15 whereas a Sherman would be around 9.
- 12 (\$C). UHQ (0-31). The index to the battalion's headquarters unit. An index of 12, for example, would mean that this battalion belongs to headquarters number 12. During the game only divisional assets can change this index.
- 13 (\$D). UEXP (0-7). The battalion's experience rating (0=green, 7=veteran).
- 14 (\$E). UMV (0-31). The maximum movement allowance that the unit can use.
- **15 (\$F). UDIS (0-3).** Indicates whether the arriving unit is in *normal, parachute, airlanding* or *amphibious* mode.
- 16 (\$10). UREIN (0-63). This number tells at which turn this battalion will be placed on the map.
- 17 (\$11). UMP (0-31). The movement point counter for use during the movement phase. During this phase the cost of moving across the map is subtracted from UMP and movement will cease when the UMP value becomes 0.

18 (\$12). ULAST (0-6). While moving it is useful to know the last direction the unit traveled in, so that if two or more directions are possible, the battalion will tend to continue moving in the last direction.

- 19 (\$13). UMAX (0-31). At various times during the game a unit will be limited to a maximum number of hexes irrespective of the movement points remaining. On the turn that they land, sea landing units have a maximum hex allowance of 2, and will only be be able to land and deploy, moving a total of two hexes.
- 20 (\$14). UPARA (0-3). This number is entered during the create phase and then is passed to UDIS for game purposes. It remembers the method of entry to the board so it is possible to tell later in the game that this battalion started as a PARA unit etc.
- 21 (\$15). UCSTRN (0-15). The current strength of the battalion. At the start of the game it takes the value of the initial strength, USTRN. When the current strength is 0 then the battalion is regarded as KIA'd and the 7th bit is set to indicate the battalion has been removed from the map.
- 22 (\$16). *Free (0-15). I always try to keep something up my sleeve in case lan changes his mind, and half a byte is better than nothing.
- 23 (\$17). UPER (0-9). The percentage loss of the battalion, 0 = no loss, 9 = 90% loss. This is calculated by comparing UCSTRN with USTRN.
- 24 (\$18). UATT (0-4). For divisional assets to show which regiment they are attached, 0 = in reserve, 1-4 = regiment #.

An example of this database is taken from the North African scenario in this magazine.

Figs 4 and 5 illustrate the structure.

The B4R armoured battalion from the 11 Ind/1 regiment has been given orders to

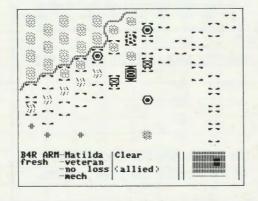


Fig 4. Unit #66

advance toward HALFAYAPASS from its present location (26,7). It is a mechanized unit with a strength of 1 and a rating of 2 (this is not a good omen for the battalion as it faces some 88's with a rating of 14). They are veterans in a fresh fatigue state. ULAST is 0 as no last movement has yet been recorded. UATT is not used as this unit is not a divisional asset.

This is unit number 66 (\$42) and as each unit occupies 16 bytes and the data starts at \$5100 the data occupies \$5520 to \$552F (\$42 * \$10 + \$5100 = \$5520).

THE SUBROUTINES

The subroutines included in this article show how the battalion data can be accessed (INITUNIT), broken down (BRKUNIT) to a usable form and built back (BLDUNIT) to the database. Note that the subroutine listings can be found on pages 15-17.

When dealing with a battalion it is necessary to look at its strength, fatigue or experience etc. If the data is in the form shown in fig 2 then any access to it would be difficult as, for example, the range, URANGE and strength, USTRN occupy the same byte.

To manipulate a battalion during a game it must be first addressed. INITUNIT locates the particular battalion within the battalion database, and then breaks it down, using BRKUNIT, to the 24 battalion variables.

In addressing the database I use the indirect addressing instructions LDA (L),Y and STA (L),Y. LDA (L),Y loads the accumulator with the address given in variable L and L+\$1 indexed by the Y register.

Using the example in fig 5, this means that L and L +\$1 would contain the address \$5520. i.e. L contains \$20 and L+\$1 contains \$55 and these are then read by the computer as the address \$5520.

The Y register is then varied between \$3 and \$F to 'pick up' or 'put down' data. The Y register starts at \$3 as the first 3 bytes (0,1 and 2) contain the ID of the unit and are not required for the running of the game.

In reading through the listing it is important to note the two machine language instructions LSR and ASL. LSR or *logical shift right* shifts all the bits 1 along to the right (the right most bit drops off the end; more or less). ASL shifts all the bits 1 along to the left. Have a look at fig 6.

In the BRKUNIT subroutine many variables are doubled up. By using LSR, as in fig 6, the

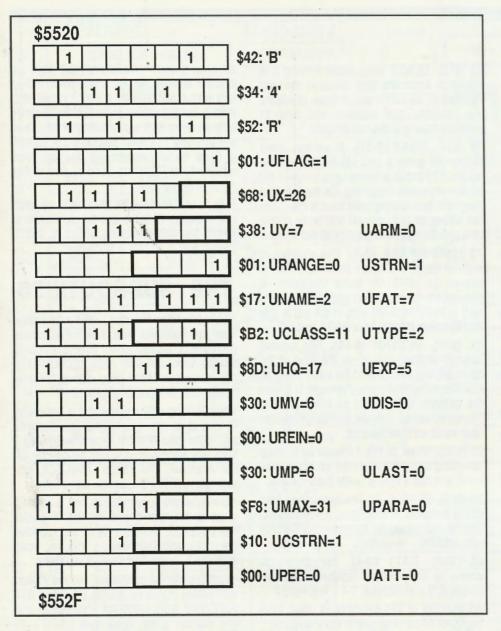


Fig 5. Database Structure for Unit #66

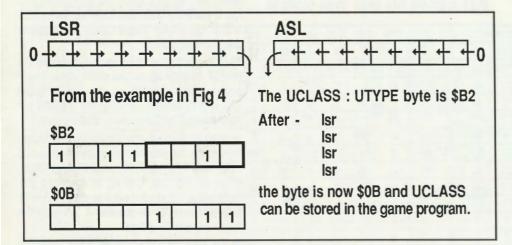


Fig 6. Using LSR and ASL

left most part can be recovered, then using the instruction AND, the remaining part can be retrieved and stored.

In BLDUNIT the left most part is taken first and shifted to the left using ASL the required number of bits. Then the ORA instruction is used to add the remaining variable to the database.

CONCLUSION

The development of the database in any game is an exciting process. It forms the structural basis of the game and from that basis the game is moulded into its final form.

If an unforeseen situation arises and major modifications are required, it can mean many hours of hard work which will test the determination of any programmer. It makes the task of careful initial database construction all the more important.

Questions. . . Continued from p.4

Battles in Normandy. There are two errors in the map. The arrow for the Utah map box actually points to the Cherbourg map box (how could I make such a dumb mistake?) and there is a road missing from the Omaha section of the map. Since the road is present on the disk this is only a cosmetic problem.

The option in *Battles in Normandy* which allows you to name an objective instead of using the arrow keys only works for letters in uppercase. Most objective names in the game are in lower case so you will have to use the arrow keys or change the objective names.

The scenario briefing in *Battles in Normandy* shows 'Condition' on the screen. The word should be 'Climate', as described in the rulebook.

In Battlefront and Battles in Normandy minefield and fort hexes do not automatically change control when they are occupied, but take variable number of turns to clear. The clearing is only triggered by units moving onto the hex. A unit which doesn't move in a minefield or fort hex will not cause any clearing. This usually only matters if the minefield or fort is also an objective hex taken at the very end of the game. If you have any problems with this, don't put minefields or forts directly on objectives.

5555555555555555		***************************************			**********	
600		1			000000	\$6000
600		2		1	obj	\$800
600	0	. 3	i			
600	0	. 4	;listir	ng of IN	ITUN	IIT
600	0	5	;BRK	CUNIT a	nd E	BLDUNIT
600	0	6				
600		7		INIT is ca	alled	by JSR \$6000
600		8				by JSR \$6021
600		9				by JSR \$60F2
600		10		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		D, 0011 4001 E
600		11		T indica	oc th	e start of the
600		12		lion data		ie start or the
500000000000000000000000000000000000000						\$5100
510		13		H	=	\$2100
600		14				••
000		*, 15			epz	
000		16			epz	L+\$1
600		17				
030		18			=	\$300
600		19				
031		20			=	\$310
031	1	21	UFL	AG	=	UN+\$1
031	2	22	. UX		=	UN+\$2
031	3	23	UFR	EE 🍍	=	UN+\$3
031	4	24	-UY		=	UN+\$4
031	5	25	UAR	M	=	UN+\$5
031		26		NGE		UN+\$6
031		27				UN+\$7
031		28				UN+\$8
031		29				UN+\$9
031		30		ASS	=	UN+\$A
031		31				UN+\$B
000000000000000000000000000000000000000		32			=	
031					=	UN+\$C
031		33			2	UN+\$D
031		34				UN+\$E
031		3!			=	UN+\$F
032		36			=	UN+\$10
032		37			=	UN+\$11
032		38			=	UN+\$12
032		39			=	UN+\$13
032	24	4() UPA	RA	=	UN+\$14
032	25	4	UCS	TRN	=	UN+\$15
032	26	42	UFF	EE1	=	UN+\$16
032	27	4:	3 UPE	R		UN+\$17
032		44			=	UN+\$18
600		4				
600		4(.	ariable l	JN ide	entifies the
600		4				alion being
600		48		t with		
600		49				
600		50		UNIT		
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000				CIVII	Ida	00
600					Ida	H
600					sta	
£.00000000000	04 AD 1					UN
600					sta	L
600		5		iply by 16		•
600					asl	L
600)B 26 0	3 5	7		rol	Н
600					rol	Ĥ

600D	06 02	58	asl L
600F	26 03	59	rol H
6011	06 02	60	asl L
6013	26 03	61	rol H
6015	06 02	62	asi L
6017	26 03	63	rol H
6019		64	;add address \$51 to the high byte
6019	A9 51	65	Ida /LUNIT
601B	18	66	clc
601C	65 03	67	adc H
601E	85 03	68	sta H
6020	60	69	rts
6021		70	;
6021		71	BRKUNIT:
6021	20 00 60	72	jsr INITUNIT
6024		73	:
6024		74	start at byte 3 as bytes 0, 1
6024		75	;and 2 contain the battalion ID
6024		76	;
6024	A0 03	77	ldy 03
6026		78	lda (L),Y
6028		79	sta UFLAG
602B		80	iny
602C		81	;
602C	B1 02	82	ida (L),Y
602E	4A	83	Isr
602F	4A	84	Isr
6030		85	sta UX
6033		86	Ida (L),Y
6035		87	and 03
6037	8D 13 03	88	sta UFREE
603A	C8	89	Iny
603B		90	;
603B	B1 02	91	ida (L),Y
603D	4A	92	Isr
603E	4A	93	Isr
603F	4A	94	Isr
6040		95	sta UY
6043	B1 02	96	lda (L),Y
6045		97	and 07
6047		98	sta UARM
604A	C8	99	iny
604B	-	100	
604B	B1 02	101	lda (L),Y
604D		102	lsr
604E	4A	103	Isr
604F		104	lsr
6050		105	lsr
6051	8D 16 03	106	sta URANGE
6054	B1 02	107	Ida (L),Y
6056	29 OF	108	and OF
6058		109	sta USTRN
605B		110	Iny
605C	Çü	111	
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	B1 02		; Ida (L),Y
605C		112	lsr
605E	4A	113 114	isr
605F	4A	1 1 46	IOI

6060 4A	115	Isr
6061 8D 18 03	116	sta UNAME
6064 B1 02	117	Ida (L),Y
6066 29 07	118	and 07
6068 8D 19 03	119	sta UFAT
606B C8	120	Iny
606C		,
606C B1 02	121 ; 122	Ida (L),Y
606E 4A	123	Isr
606F 4A	124	
		Isr
6070 4A	125	Isr
6071 4A	126	lsr
6072 8D 1A 03	127	sta UCLASS
6075 B1 02	128	Ida (L),Y
6077 29 0F	129	and 0F
6079 8D 1B 03	130	sta UTYPE
607C C8	131	Iny
607D	132 ;	1.1. 77.5.55
607D B1 02	133	lda (L),Y
607F 4A	134	lsr
6080 4A	135	Isr
6081 4A	136	Isr
6082 8D1C 03	137	stă UHQ
6085 B1 02	138	Ida (L),Y
6087 29 07	139	and 07
6089 8D 1D 03	140	sta UEXP
608C C8	141	iny
608D	142 ;	
608D B1 02	143	lda (L),Y
608F 4A	144	Isr
6090 4A	145	Isr
6091 4A	146	Isr
6092 8D 1E 03	147	sta UMV
6095 B1 02	148	Ida (L),Y
6097 29 07	149	and 07
6099 8D 1F 03	150	sta UDIS
609C C8	151	Iny
609D	152 ;	
609D B1 02	153	lda (L),Y
609F 8D 20 03	154	sta UREIN
60A2 C8	155	iny
60A3	156 ;	_
60A3 B1 02	157	lda (L),Y
60A5 4A	158	Isr
60A6 4A	159	Isr
60A7 4A	160	Isr
60A8 8D 21 03	161	sta UMP
60AB B1 02	162	lda (L),Y
60AD 29 07	163	and 07
60AF 8D 22 03	164	sta ULAST
60B2 C8	165	iny
60B3	166 ;	.,
60B3 B1 02	167	lda (L),Y
60B5 4A	168	isr (E),
60B6 4A	169	Isr
60B7 4A	170	Isr
60B8 8D 23 03	171	sta UMAX
00D0 0D 23 03	171	JIG JIIIAA

60BB				
- CULL	B1 02	172	ld	a (L),Y
60BD		173		nd 07
60BF	8D 24 03	174		a UPARA
60C2	C8	175	in	
60C3		176		
60C3	B1 02	177		a (L),Y
60C5	29 OF	178		nd OF
	8D 26 03			a UFREE1
60CA	B1 02	180		a (L),Y
60CC		181	lsi	
60CD		182	Isi	
	4A	183	lsi	
60CF	4A	184	Isi	
	8D 25 03			a UCSTRN
60D3		186	in	
60D4			;	
60D4	B1 02	188	Íd	a (L),Y
60D6		189		nd OF
	8D 28 03			a UATT
	B1 02	191		a (L),Y
60DD		192	Isi	
60DE		193	lsi	
60DF		194	Isi	
60E0		195	İsi	
	8D 27 03	196	St	
60E4	C8	197	in	
60E5		198		
60E5		199	the variable YE	S is set to 0
60E5		200		
				UO DUUII
60E5		201		
				eing used
60E5		201	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES	eing used
60E5 60E5	A2 00	201 202	;KIA'd or is not be	eing used = 1
60E5 60E5 60E5		201 202 203	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; ;	eing used = 1
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E5	AD 11 03	201 202 203 204	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id	eing used = 1 × 00
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7	AD 11 03 30 02	201 202 203 204 205 206	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7	AD 11 03 30 02	201 202 203 204 205 206	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; ; Id Id br	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id Id br Id BRKUX st	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00	201 202 203 204 205 206 207	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id Id br Id BRKUX st	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id Id br Id BRKUX st	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F1	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id Id br Id BRKUX st	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F1	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES : ; id id br id BRKUX st ; rts	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 k YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F1 60F2 60F2	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; Id Id br Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT:	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 k YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F2	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES ; Id Id Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: [si	eing used = 1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 k YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F2 60F5	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES : ; id id br id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: js: ; id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F2 60F5	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; ;	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES c INITUNIT
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; ;	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; Id Id Id br Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: Js id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7 60FA	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; Id Id Id br Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: Js id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60FC 60FD	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES: ; Id Id Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: [si Id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7 60FA 60FC 60FD	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 0A	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; Id Id Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: Id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7 60FD 60FD	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 OA OA	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; Id Id Id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: Js in id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7 60FA 60FC 60FD 6100 6101 6102	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 OA OA	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; id id id br id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: [si id id st in id as	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX si
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7 60FA 60FC 60FD 6100 6101 6102	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 OA OA OA OD 13 03	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; id id id br id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: [si id id st in id as	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX si ra UFREE a (L),Y
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60F7 60FA 60FC 60FD 6100 6101 6102 6105	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 OA OA OD 13 03 91 02	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; Id Id Id BRKUX st ; rts; BLDUNIT: Id	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX si ra UFREE a (L),Y
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F7 60FA 60FC 60FD 6101 6102 6105 6107	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 OA OA OD 13 03 91 02	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; id id id br id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: js ; id id st in ; id as	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX si ra UFREE a (L),Y
60E5 60E5 60E5 60E7 60EA 60EC 60EE 60F1 60F2 60F2 60F2 60F5 60F5 60FC 60FD 6100 6101 6102 6105 6107 6108	AD 11 03 30 02 A2 01 00 8E 00 03 60 20 00 60 A0 03 AD 11 03 91 02 C8 AD 12 03 OA OA OD 13 03 91 02 C8	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226	;KIA'd or is not be ;otherwise YES; id id id br id BRKUX st ; rts ; BLDUNIT: js ; id id st in ; id as	eing used =1 x 00 a UFLAG ni BRKUX x 01 x YES r INITUNIT y 03 a UFLAG a (L),Y y a UX si ra UFREE a (L),Y y a UY

610C		229	asl	
610D	0A	230	asl	
610E	0D 15 03	231		UARM
6111	91 02	232		(L),Y
6113	C8	233	Iny	
6114	AD 40 00	234 ;		UDANOS
	AD 16 03	235		URANGE
6117		236	asl	
6118	OA	237	asl	
6119	OA OA	238 239	asl asl	
611A	0D 17 03	240		USTRN
	91 02	241		(L),Y
6120		242	iny	(-/; -
6121	30	243 ;	шу	
6121	AD 18 03		lda	UNAME
6124		245	asl	O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
6125	0A	246	asl	
6126		247	asl	
	0D 19 03	248		UFAT
	91 02	249		(L),Y
612C	C8	250	Iny	. //
612D		251 ;		
612D	AD 1A 03	252	lda	UCLASS
6130	0A	253	asi	
6131	0A	254	asl	
	0A	255	asl	
6133		256	asl	
	0D 1B 03	257		UTYPE
.00000000000000000000000000000000000000	91 02	258		(L),Y
6139	C8	259	iny	
613A		260 ;	* *	
80000000000000000000000000000000000000	AD1C 03	261		UHQ
613D		262	asl	
613E	0A	263	asl	
613F	0A	264	asl	HEVD
800000000000000000000000000000000000000	0D 1D 03			UEXP
6145	91 02	266		(L),Y
6146	C0	267 268 ;	iny	
6146	AD 1E 03		lda	UMV
6149		270	asl	Ciary
614A		271	asl	
614B		272	asl	
	0D 1F 03			UDIS
	35		VIU	

614F		274			(L),Y
6151	C8	275		iny	
6152	AD 20 03	276		lda	UREIN
6152 6155		277 278			
6157	C8	279		iny	(L),Y
6158	C0	280		ıı ıy	
6158	AD 21 03	281		lda	UMP
615B	0A	282		asl	Oiiii
615C	0A	283		asl	
	0A	284		asl	
615E	0D 22 03	285			ULAST
	91 02	286			(L),Y
6163	C8	287		Iny	(-//·
6164					
6164	AD 23 03	289		lda	UMAX
6167	0A	290		asl	
6168	0A	291		asl	
6169	0A	292		asl	
616A	0D 24 03	293		ora	UPARA
616D	91 02	294		sta	(L),Y
616F	C8	295		Iny	
6170		296	;		
6170		297		lda	UCSTRN
6173		298		asl	
6174	0A	299		asl	
6175		300		asl	
6176		301		asl	
6177		302			UFREE1
	91 02	303			(L),Y
617C	C8	304		iny	
617D	45.07.00	305	;		HDED
617D		306		lda	UPER
6180		307		asi	
6181	0A	308		asi	
6182	OA	309 310		asi asi	
6183	0A 0D 28 03				UATT
6187		312			(L),Y
6189		313		iny	(-); ·
618A		314	;	and y	
618A	60	315	,	rts	
618B		316			
618B		317	,	end	
	****		OF ASSEMI		

REACH FOR THE STARS (3rd Ed)

Coming Soon for the

Macintosh, IIGS, Amiga and IBM

THE FALL OF CHERBOURG

A Campaign Variant for Battles in Normandy

by Andrew Taubman

Those of you who have seen our **Battles in Normandy** game will realize this campaign variant should have been included in the scenarios section of the Player's Manual. As we said on page 60 of that manual, there just wasn't enough room.

INTRODUCTION

We have rectified the situation. The campaign variant instructions are provided herewith together with Axis and Allied record sheets which will make the transition as painless as possible.

We advise you to play both the Utah and Cherbourg scenarios before experimenting with the campaign; or at least be familiar with the game mechanics.

We have divided the procedure for implementing the campaign into separate stages which should be followed in strict sequence.

STAGE ONE

Play a game of Utah as normal (two-player is recommended). When any 2 of Portbail, Barneville and Carteret are controlled by the US, or when the game ends (whichever comes first), stop the game and save it. Note down each side's victory points. Reboot the computer and go into create on that saved game.

STAGE TWO

Examine the Campaign Record Sheets provided for both players and make photocopies of them if you don't want to write in the magazine.

Certain information from the game just saved must be recorded on the *Utah* section of each sheet. Note down the location, strength, fatigue and attachment (if divisional asset) of each unit whose I.D. appears on the sheet. Note that only the locations of the units of the 90th US Infantry need to be recorded. Similarly, only the strengths of the units in the German 77th Infantry should be written down.

STAGE THREE

The next step is to prepare the Cherbourg sections of the Campaign Record sheets. Basically, this means transfering information from the Utah section to the corresponding location in the Cherbourg section. There are a few things to remember when doing this.

(a). Locations. To change the Utah map locations to Cherbourg map locations, add 2 to the x co-ordinate and 16 to the y co-ordinate. For example, a unit in hex 26,1 (Montebourg) on the Utah map would have its location on the Cherbourg map recorded as 28, 17. If this transfer would place the unit off the map, locate it in the nearest, sensible map edge hex.

(b). US Units. Any US non-artillery unit may have its strength increased to 8, but it loses 1 experience point for every 2 strength points added. (Fractions are rounded down, but the minimum reduction for a unit whose strength is increased is 1). For example, the 3rd Bn from the 12 Rgt of the 4th US

Infantry ends the Utah scenario with a strength of five. If its strength is increased to 8, it will have its experience reduced by 1.

Artillery units may have their strength increased to 4 but a penalty of 1 experience point for each strength point added applies.

(c). German Units. Any German unit with less than 3 strength points may have its strength increased to 3. In addition, sum the total strength points remaining in the 77th Infantry and add these as you see fit to any non-armour, non-artillery unit(s) on the Cherbourg section of the record sheet.

If any units are resurrected by these procedures, care must be taken that they are not behind enemy lines, or on top of another unit. Move the unit to a sensible location if necessary. Divisional assets may be moved to any location and reassigned to any regiment.

(d). American and German Units. Any unit with a fatigue value lower than 4 should have it adjusted to 4.

STAGE FOUR

The next step is to load the Cherbourg scenario and save it as a saved game immediately. Go into create the creation routines. Enter each unit's position, strength and fatigue as noted in the Cherbourg sections of the record sheets. The US 79th division should be put in the locations that the 90th occupied. The German 919th regiment, which was in the 91st division, now appears in the 709th. In several cases, the unit ID and type will not match; ignore this. The Germans were extemporizing constantly in this period.

Adjust the map so that each hex is controlled by the appropriate side.

Save the game under a new name. Now play the new game as normal. At the end, add each side's victory points from the Cherbourg scenario to those gained in Utah scenario. The highest overall total is the winner.

auu sa	US li	nfani	try		XX	HQ Lo	oc									
iv. As	ssets	•			8 Rgt	Adn	n 🔲 S	Sup	12 Rgt	Adm	ı 🔲 s	up	22 Rg	Adn	1 :	Sup
I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	Att	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat
20					1				1				1			
70					2				2				2			_
4					3 29				3 42				3			-
801					29				42				44			
	US	Infa	ntry			HQ L	oc									
iv. A	ssets				357 R	gt			358 R	gt			359 R	gt		
I.D.	Loc	1			I.D.	Loc			I.D.	Loc			I.D.	Loc		
345					1				1				1			
712 315					3				3				3			
607					915				343				344			
th	us I	nfan	try		XX	HQ L	oc									
Div. A	ssets				_ 39 Rg	jt Adr	n 🔲 🤄	Sup 🔙	47 Rg	t Adn	n S	Sup	60 Rg	t Adn	n :	Sup
I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	Att	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat
34			4.1		1				1		-		1		-	
746		-			2	_			2				2			
15 899					3 26				60				84			
					20				00				04	*************		
033				0000000000000	333000000000000		00.000.000.0000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		9900000000000			200000000000000000000000000000000000000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$2000000000
	CAM	PAIC	an f	RECC)RD (CHE	RBO	URG)					Victo	ry Poi	nts [
JS								URG)					Victo	ory Poi	nts [
JS Ith	US I				XX	HQ L	oc			i Adn	n S	Sup			_	Sun
JS Ith Div. A	US I	nfan	try		XX 8 Rgt	HQ L	oc	Sup	12 Rgi			Sup	22 Rg	t Adr	n :	Sup _
JS Ith	US I				XX	HQ L	oc			Loc	n Str	Sup			_	Sup Fat
JS Ith Div. A	US I	nfan	try		8 Rgt	HQ L	oc	Sup	12 Rgt				22 Rg	t Adr	n :	
JS Ith Div. A. I.D. 20 70	US I	nfan	try		8 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3	HQ L	oc	Sup	12 Rg1				22 Rg I.D. 1 2 3	t Adr	n :	
JS Ith Div. A I.D. 20 70	US I	nfan	try		8 Rgt LD. 1	HQ L	oc	Sup	12 Rgf				22 Rg	t Adr	n :	
JS Ith Div. A. I.D. 20 70 4 801	US I	Str	Fat		8 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 29	HQ Luc Adri	oc Str	Sup	12 Rg1				22 Rg I.D. 1 2 3	t Adr	n :	
JS Ith Div. A I.D. 20 70 4 801	US I	Str	Fat		8 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 29	Add Loc	oc Str	Sup	12 Rgf I.D. 1 2 3 42	Loc			22 Rg LD. 1 2 3 44	t Adri	n :	
JS Ith Div. A I.D. 20 70 4 801 79th Div. A	US I ssets Loc US ssets	Str	Fat		8 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 29	Adri Loc	oc Str	Sup	12 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 42	Loc			22 Rg LD. 1 2 3 44	t Adm	n :	
JS Ith Div. A I.D. 20 70 4 801 79th Div. A	US I	Str	Fat		8 Rgt LD. 1 2 3 29 XX 313 F	Add Loc	oc Str	Sup	12 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 42 314 Re	Loc			22 Rg LD. 1 2 3 44 315 R	t Adri	n :	
JS lth Div. A I.D. 20 70 4 801 79th Div. A I.D. 312	US I ssets Loc US ssets	Str	Fat		8 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 29 XX 313 F I.D.	Adri Loc	oc Str	Sup	12 Rgf I.D. 1 2 3 42 314 R	Loc			22 Rg LD. 1 2 3 44 315 R LD. 1	t Adm	n :	
JS Ith Div. A I.D. 20 70 4 801 79th Div. A	US I ssets Loc US ssets	Str	Fat		8 Rgt LD. 1 2 3 29 XX 313 F	Adri Loc	oc Str	Sup	12 Rgt I.D. 1 2 3 42 314 Re	Loc			22 Rg LD. 1 2 3 44 315 R	t Adm	n :	
JS lth Div. A I.D. 20 70 4 801 79th Div. A I.D. 312	US I ssets Loc US ssets	Str	Fat		8 Rgt LD. 1 2 3 29 XX 313 F LD. 1 2	Add Loc HQ L	oc Str	Sup	12 Rgf I.D. 1 2 3 42 1.D. 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1	Loc			22 Rg LD. 1 2 3 44 315 R LD. 1 2	t Adm	n :	

Str

Fat

I.D.

1

2

3

60

Loc

Str

Fat

I.D.

1

2

3

Loc

Loc

Loc Str

I.D.

746

15

Att

I.D.

1

2

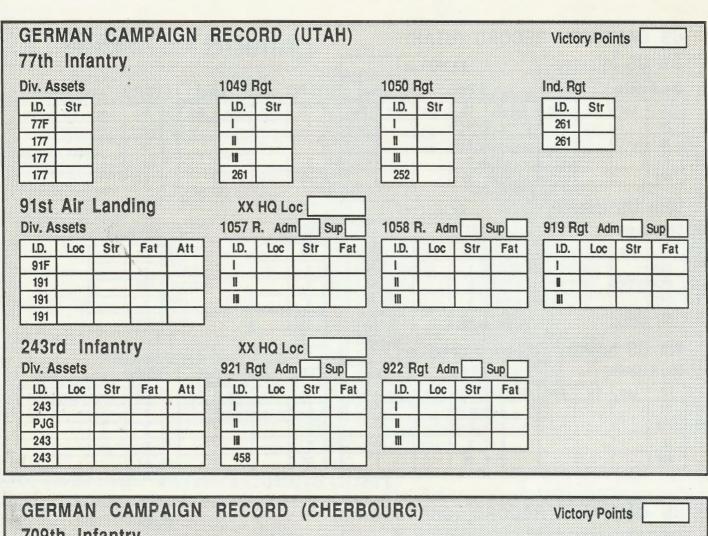
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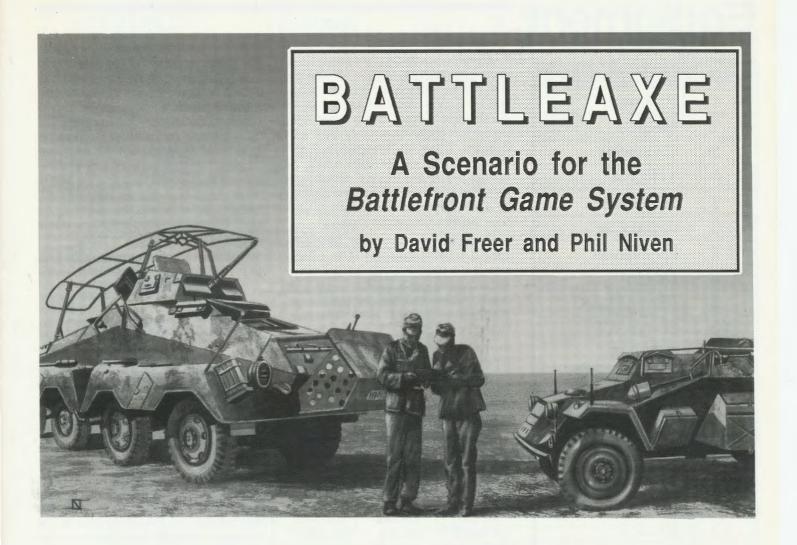
Fat

Fat

Str



	MAN h Inf			MGN	RECC	RD	(CH	IERB(OURG)			Victory Points
					919 Rg	at Adn	n S	Sup					
					I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat					
					ı								
					1								
					AOK								
	Air I	Land	ing		1057 F	HQ Lo	n S	Sup	1058 F	R. Adn		1000000L	
I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	Att	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	
91F									OST				
191		1			11				11				
191					OST				OST		**********		
43r	d In	fantı	y		XX 921 R	HQ Lo	333000 Table	Sup	922 R	gt Adn	n :	Sup	
I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	Att	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	I.D.	Loc	Str	Fat	
040					I				1				
243	-				1				1				
PJG				1									
_					OST				OST				



Since the arrival of Rommel in February 1941, the British force responsible for sweeping a demoralized Italian army before it, had become a confused and defeated rabble.

THE SITUATION

April 1941 saw the beginning of a lightning thrust across Cyrenaica by the 5th Light Division (later the 21st Panzer Division), supported by the best of the Italian divisions, Ariete and Brescia. By the 10th, Tobruk had been cut off. The advanced forces of Rommel's command had pushed the British back to Sollum and Bardia, where stretched supply lines forced a halt. The port of Tobruk had been bypassed and a determined and quick assault was called for before the defenders could entrench themselves properly. Further advances could not be made with an enemy strong-point in the Axis

flank which threatened an already stretched supply line. The initial assault only just failed, but this failure ensured a long and protracted siege by the Axis.

Sparring in the Bardia-Sollum area continued throughout April and May, while pressure was applied to the Tobruk defences. On the 15th of May the British launched 'Operation Brevity', in an attempt to capture Bardia and Sollum preparatory to launching a relief attempt on Tobruk.

The operation was a failure although it resulted in the temporary capture of the critical Halfaya pass. This was recaptured by the Germans on the 27th of May. In a desperate attempt to gain armour

superiority before the 15th Panzer Division was fully available to Rommel, Churchill had despatched a fast convoy ('Operation Tiger') of tanks and planes through the Mediterranean. This arrived in mid May but by the time the tanks had been refitted and were ready for use, the last elements of the 15th Panzer Division had also arrived. So the situation stood at the beginning of June.

The Axis were set up along a defensive line running Halfaya Pass - Mussaid - Capuzzo. This line was defended by Rommel's nonmobile troops (Oasis Companies and some Italian infantry from the 61st and 62nd regiments), along with miscellaneous support troops, artillery and some 88mm Flak guns. In a mobile reserve Rommel had the 8th Panzer Regiment and supporting arms (at Bardia). with elements of the 104th Panzergrenadier Regiment (dismounted) near Halfaya Pass. The rest of the 104th and the 115th Panzergrenadier Regiment were still at Ras el Madauer. The 5th Light Division was deployed as the front reserve south of Tobruk. German records show that they had

Equipment

	*
0	
1	Rifleman
2	Matilda
3	Crusader
4	17Pdr AT
5	25PdrArt
6	Armd Car
7	Hvy Wpns
8	Mot Inf
9	88mmFLAK
10	50mm AT
11	PzKw III
12	PzKw IV
13	Motorcyl
14	105mmArt
15	PzKw II
16	150mmArt
17	Halftrak
18	Mot Inf
19	75mm Art
20	76mm AT

about 150 tanks, only 95 of which were PzKfw Mk IIIs or Mk IVs.

The British had two divisions (the 4th Indian and the 7th Armoured), plus the 22nd Guards brigade for the assault. The 4th Indian was divided into two attack elements, one attacking along the coast and the other along the 200m high escarpment, towards Halfaya Pass. both had tank support detached from the 4th Royal Tank Regiment (RTR) of the 4th Armoured brigade. The 22nd Guards Brigade, supported by the 4th Armoured Brigade were to sweep into the Capuzzo area, with the 7th Armoured Brigade protecting the desert flank. British records show them having 190 tanks, 100 Matildas and 90 Cruisers.

Radio intercepts had warned the Axis of the impending attack, and Rommel made his plans accordingly. He kept the 8th Panzer

Regiment uncommitted during the early hours of the battle in mobile reserve, allowing the pattern of the attack to become clear before committing them. Word was sent to call up the 5th Light Division. On the British side, the attack began reasonably well with Capuzzo falling on schedule, but stiff resistance was met on both flanks. At Halfaya Pass, the coastal attack was supported by 6 Matilda. Four were disabled by a minefield that was supposed to have been cleared and the attack failed.

Above the escarpment, the 2nd Cammerons and 12 Matildas assaulted Halfaya Pass without the support of their artillery, which had become bogged in sand on the approach march. Holding their fire until close range, the 88s accounted for 11 of the 12 Matildas, halting the attack.

In the centre, the troops at Point 206 repelled the initial assault, but the British superiority in numbers saw them pressing the Capuzzo defences. The 4th RTR finally took Capuzzo in the afternoon, and the 22nd Guards consolidated.

At Hafid Ridge (Point 2Q8), a succession of ridges and depressions led the 7th RTR into numerous German ambushes. One position of guns was over-run, but reinforcements saw the 7th retreat with little to show for their efforts.

On the 16th the battle was renewed, with the Scots Guards capturing Musaid and threatening the outskirts of Sollum. The Germans counter-attacked several times at Capuzzo that day, but without giving the British the decisive tank battle they so desperately sought. The Germans none-theless suffered heavy tank casualties, but managed to retain control of the battlefields and repair their damaged tanks quickly. Halfaya Pass again proved the rock on which the British attack foundered.

On the 17th the situation worsened for the British as the Germans, with the 5th Light leading, started enveloping the British flank. They launched their own flanking attack about an hour before the British started theirs, and caught the 7th Armoured Brigade forming up. Pursuing the fleeing brigade, the 5th Light headed for Sidi Sulmen. Later that day the British decided the operation could no longer succeed, and recalled their forces. The Germans captured Sidi Sulmen and closed in on Halfaya Pass from the south, hoping to catch and pin the British forces. The British, however, had retired just in time to avoid meeting an untimely demise.

The British defeat at Halfaya Pass was to have severe repercussions. Wavell was finally sacked by Churchill, and the British took nearly six months to recover and be ready to launch another offensive in North Africa. The operation cost the British 64 destroyed or abandoned Matildas, and 23 destroyed Cruisers. The Germans lost nearly 50 tanks, but held the battlefield and so were able to repair most of these, as well as some captured British tanks. The operation, for which Churchill had great hopes, was quietly forgotten on the British home front.

The battle was further relegated to the back pages as, just two weeks later, Hitler launched 'Operation Barbarossa'.

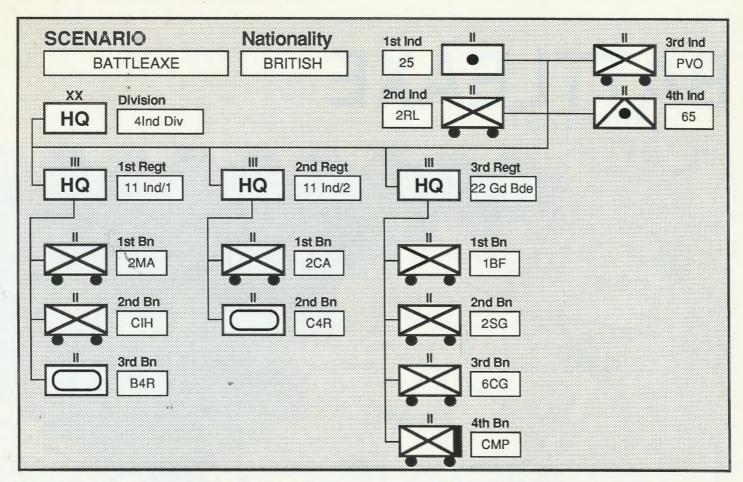
THE SCENARIO

The Desert War was typified by the often decisive use of armour and technology and the fluidity of the battlefield. Units would regularly be cut off, but very rarely destroyed. Lightning thrust and counterthrust were the order of the day, an attribute the *Battlefront Game System* simulates very well.

Battleaxe recreates the British attempt to relieve Tobruk between the 15th and 18th of June 1941. The scale used is one mile per hex with battalion and company sized units. The scenario is short and can be broken into two distinct phases - the British Offensive and the German Counterattack. Each side is required to conduct both offensive and defensive operations (sometimes simultaneously) requiring careful commitment of units. The following notes are drawn from over a hundred playtests of the scenario.

The first day of the assault will ultimately determine if the British win the scenario. The British must aim to clear the frontier positions quickly while preparing and probing Halfaya Pass with the Indian Division. Speed is of the essence because the Germans are quickly reinforced during the second day. If Musaid, Capuzzo and Point 208 can be taken by the end of the first day then you are well on target. Halfaya Pass must be taken no later than noon on the second day, or the pints that the Germans have gained through holding it will be too hard to overhaul. Historically the Germans act of holding the Pass during the whole battle diverted

Continued on p.48

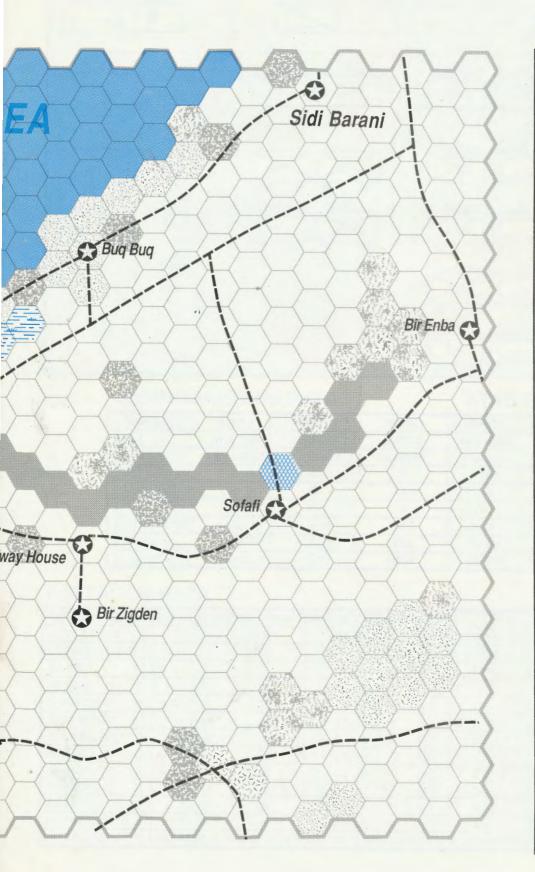


FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	4Ind Div	11 Ind/1	11 Ind/2	22 Gd Bde	
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Mot Inf	
HQ ADMIN	0-7	4	4	4	5	
LEADERSHIP	0-7	4	6	5	6	
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	5	5	5	5	
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	26,13	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

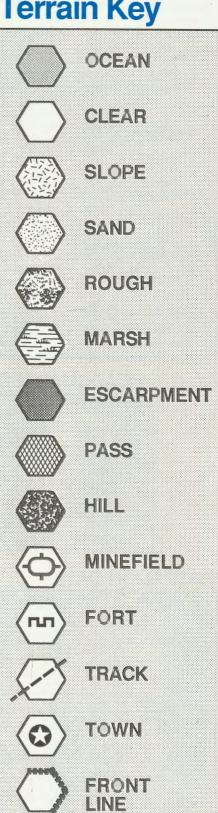
FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	2MA	CIH	B4R		2CA	C4R			1BF	2SG	6CG	CMP					25	2RL	PVO	65
LOCATION	(x,y)	25,7	27,6	26,7	-	22,12	23,12			22,14	23,14	24,15	25,15					30,13	32,12	226,13	26,1
CLASS	0-13	1	1	11		1	11			1	1	1	4					13	1	1	9
MODE	0-3	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0
EQUIPMT	0-31	1	1	2		1	2		,	1	1	1	7					5	1	1	4
MOVEMENT	0-31	9	9	6		9	6			8	8	8	4					8	10	10	8
STRENGTH	0-15	9	8	1		11	2			8	9	9	8					8	2	7	8
RATING	0-15	9	7	2		10	2			6	7	7	7					5	6	5	8
RANGE	0-15	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0	0					3	0	0	1
ARRIVAL	0-63	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7		7	7			7	7	7	7					7	7	7	7
EXPERIENCE	0-7	5	5	5		5	5			5	6	6	5					4	4	4	4
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	1	2	3

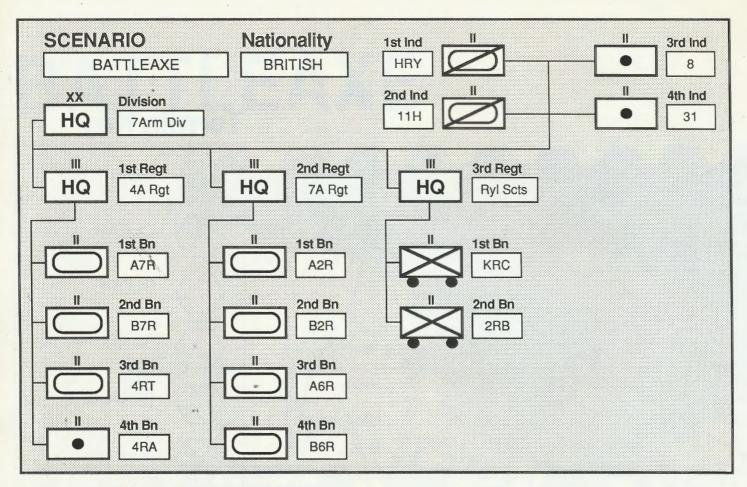
BATTLEAXE





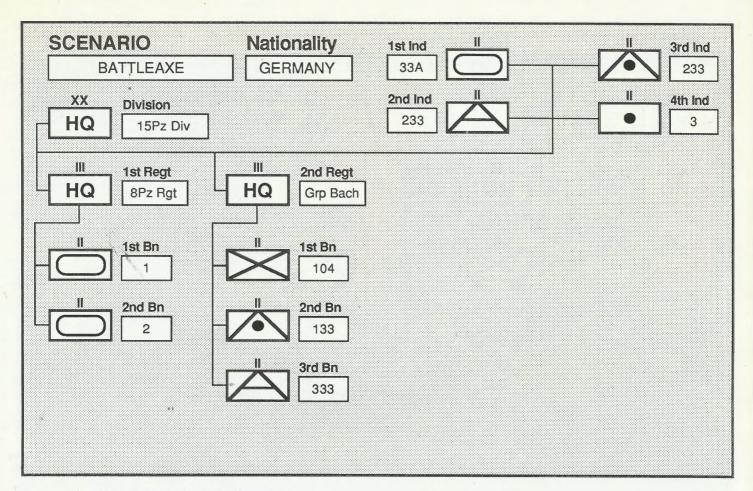
Terrain Key





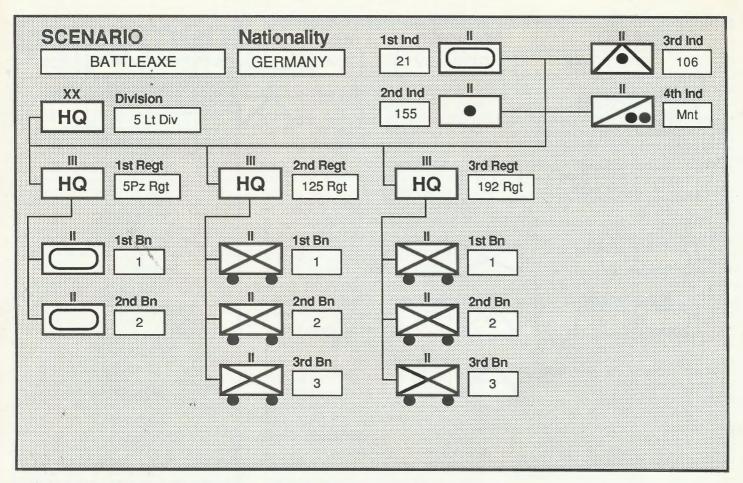
FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	7Arm Div	4A Rgt	7A Rgt	Ryl Scts	
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Armour	Armour	Armour	Mot Inf	
HQ ADMIN	0-7	4	4	4	4	
LEADERSHIP	0-7	4	4	4	5	
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	5	5	5	5	
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	20,17	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	A7R	B7R	4RT	-						-							HRY	11H	8	31
LOCATION	(x,y)	16,13	17,13	15,15	16,16	13,18	12,19	14,18	12,20	17,14	18,15							16,15	16,14	18,16	12,20
CLASS	0-13	11	11	11	13	11	11	11	11	1	1							11	11	13	13
MODE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0
EQUIPMT	0-31	2	2	2	5	3	3	3	3	1	1							6	6	5	5
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	9	9							14	14	6	8
STRENGTH	0-15	6	6	3	8	8	8	7	8	9	9							2	6	7	9
RATING	0-15	2	2	2	5	7	7	7	7	6	6							3	3	5	5
RANGE	0-15	0	0	0	3	1	1	1	1	0	0							0	0	3	3
ARRIVAL	0-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7							7	7	7	7
EXPERIENCE	0-7	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	5	5							5	5	4	4
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	3	2									



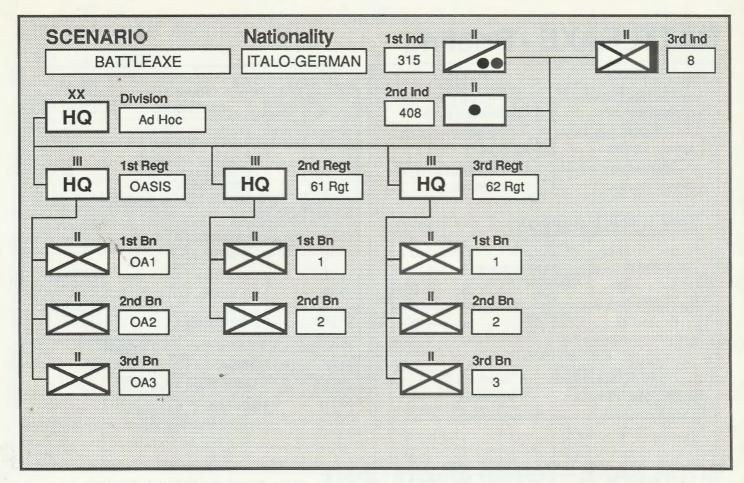
FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	15Pz Div	8Pz Rgt	Grp Bach		
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Panzer	Panzer	Infantry		
HQ ADMIN	0-7	7	7	6		
LEADERSHIP	0-7	7	7	7		
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	6	6	5		
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	0,5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	1	2			104	133	333										33A	233	233	3
LOCATION	(x,y)	8,3	9,3			17,9	17,10	16,10										9,8	6,4	7,4	10,5
CLASS	0-13	11	11			0	9	9										11	9	9	13
MODE	0-3	0	0			0	0	0										0	0	0	0
EQUIPM'T	0-31	11	12			1	10	9										15	9	10	16
MOVEMENT	0-31	11	10			0	0	0					1					12	8	8	5
STRENGTH	0-15	9	6			10	4	3										10	6	6	4
RATING	0-15	9	10			11	9	14										6	14	9	10
RANGE	0-15	1	0			0	2	2										1	2	2	3
ARRIVAL	0-63	2	2			0	0	0							-			0	0	0	0
FATIGUE	0-7	2	2			6	6	6										5	6	5	6
EXPERIENCE	0-7	6	7			7	6	7										5	7	5	6
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	2	2	2



FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	5 Lt Div	5Pz Rgt	125 Rgt	192 Rgt	
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Pz Gren	Panzer	Pz Gren	Pz Gren	
HQ ADMIN	0-7	5	7	5	5	
LEADERSHIP	0-7	6	7	5	5	
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	5	6	5	5	
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	10,20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	1	2			1	2	3		1	2	3						21	155	106	Mnt
LOCATION	(x,y)	0,10	0,10			10,20	10,20	10,20		10,20	10,20	10,20						0,10	0,10	0,10	10,20
CLASS	0-13	11	11			1	1	1		1	1	1						11	13	9	6
MODE	0-3	0	0			0	0	0		0	0	0						0	0	0	0
EQUIPMT	0-31	11	12			18	18	18		18	18	18						15	14	10	13
MOVEMENT	0-31	11	10			14	14	14		14	14	14						12	8	8	18
STRENGTH	0-15	8	6			6	5	5		6	5	5						8	4	5	4
RATING	0-15	9	10			8	8	8		8	8	8						8	10	7	8
RANGE	0-15	1	0			0	0	1		0	0	1						1	3	2	0
ARRIVAL	0-63	5	5			8	8	8		9	9	9						5	6	6	7
FATIGUE	0-7	6	6			6	6	6		6	6	6						6	6	6	6
EXPERIENCE	0-7	6	7			5	5	5		5	5	5						5	4	4	5
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	1	2

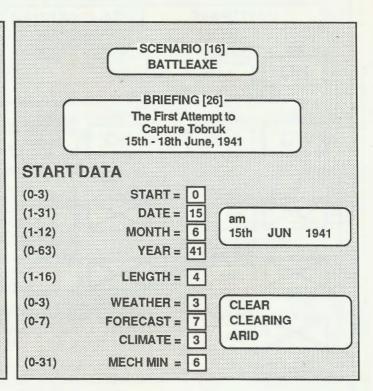


FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	Ad Hoc	OASIS	61lt Rgt	62lt Rgt	
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Infantry	Garrison	Infantry	Infantry	
HQ ADMIN	0-7	5	4	5	5	
LEADERSHIP	0-7	6	5	4	4	
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	4	4	4	4	
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	0,5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	OA1	OA2	OA3		1	2			1	2	3						315	408	8	
LOCATION	(x,y)	10,11	14,9	13,12		12,10	16,8			9,2	9,5	9,4						11,9	12,9	8,5	School
CLASS	0-13	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0						6	13	4	and de
MODE	0-3	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0						0	0	0	
EQUIPMT	0-31	1	1	1		1	1			1	1	1						13	14	7	
MOVEMENT	0-31	4	4	4		4	4			4	4	4						14	5	8	2000
STRENGTH	0-15	2	3	1		3	6			3	6	3						3	4	8	
RATING	0-15	8	8	8		4	4			4	4	4						6	10	8	
RANGE	0-15	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0						0	3	1	Service
ARRIVAL	0-63	0	0	0		0	0			0	0	0						0	0	0	e de la composition della comp
FATIGUE	0-7	3	3	3		3	3			3	3	3						3	4	6	Section 1
EXPERIENCE	0-7	5	6	5		3	3			3	3	3						4	6	5	and the second
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	2	3	

BATTLEAXE - Briefing





BATTLEAXE - Terrain Effects Chart

TERRAIN	TERRAIN	TERRAIN COS	STS PER HEX	ATTA	CK EFFE	CTS
(T0-T15)	NAME [10]	MECH (0-31)	NON-MECH (0-31)	ARM (0-7)	ART (0-7)	INF (0-7)
TO	OCEAN	0	0	0	0	0
T1(RET)	CLEAR	2	1	7	7	6 5
T2	SLOPE	3	2	6	5	5
T3	SAND	4	2	5	4	3
T4	-		-	-	•	-
T5	ROUGH	5	2	4	4	3
T6	-	•	-	-		-
T7	MARSH	0	0	0	0	0
T8	-	•	-	-	-	-
Т9	-	-	-	-	-	-
T10	ESCARPMENT	0	0	4	4	2
T11	PASS	8	3	4	2	1
T12		•	-	-	•	-
T13	-		-	-	-	-
T14	HILL	6	3	3	3	2
T15	•	-	-	-	-	-
	ROAD	1	1	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
-	FORT	N.A.	N.A.	3	3	2
-	TOWN	N.A.	N.A.	4	5	4
-	BRIDGE	0	0	0	0	0
-	RIVER	N.A.	0	0	0	0

BATTLEAXE - Objectives

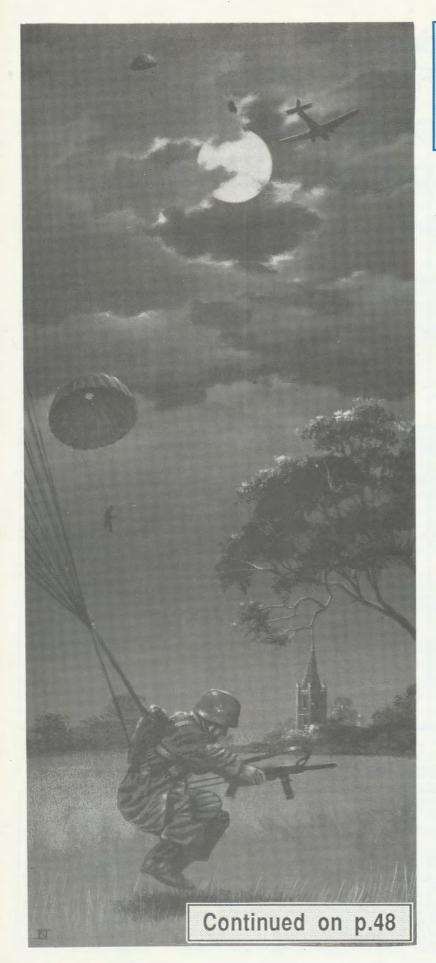
I.D. (1-24)	NAME [11]	MAP LOC [x,y]	START (0-63)	END (0-63)	POINTS PER TURN (0-30)	POINTS AT END (0-255)
1(AX)	Sidi Aziez	5,8	1	15	1	10
2(AX)	Bardia	9,2	1	15	1	10
3(AX)	Point 204	9,18	10	15	1	5
4(AX)	Point 208	10,11	1	15	1	10
5(AX)	Capuzzo	12,10	1	15	2	20
6(AX)	Point 206	13,12	1	15	1	10
7(AX)	Sollum	16,8	1	15	3	20
8(AX)	Sidi Sulmen	16,14	9	15	3	30
9(AX)	HalfayaPass	17,9	1	15	5	50
10(AX)	Buq Buq	26,5	11	15	8	80
11(AX)	Hlfy House	* 26,13	11	15	2	20
12(AX)	Sidi Barani	33,0	12	15	20	200
1(AL)	Sidi Aziez	5,8	5	15	10	100
2(AL)	Bardia	9,2	5	15	20	200
3(AL)	Point 204	9,18	5	15	2	20
4(AL)	Point 208	10,11	1	15	4	40
5(AL)	Capuzzo	12,10	1	15	5	40
6(AL)	Point 206	13,12	1	15	2	25
7(AL)	Musaid	14,9	1	15	4	40
8(AL)	Sollum	16,8	5	15	5	50
9(AL)	HalfayaPass	17,9	1	15	10	80
10(AL)	Buq Buq	26,5	1	15	5	20
11(AL)		32,12	1	15	2	30
12(AL)	Sidi Barani	33,0	1	15	1	10

BATTLEAXE - Miscellaneous Factors

	EX I	ENT ENEMY PENALTY 0-15)	
1st HEX =	1	4th HEX =	3
2nd HEX =	2	5th HEX =	3
3rd HEX =	3	6th HEX =	3

VICTORY STREN LOS		OINT
	MECH	MECH
AXIS	5	3
ALLIED	3	2

MAP SIZE	
ACROSS (0-2)	2
DOWN (0-3)	2



SEALION 1941

A Scenario for the Battlefront Game System

by Ian Trout

On the night of July 4th, 1941, advance elements of VII Fleiger Korps dropped onto English soil. The Battle for England had begun...

ALTERNATIVE HISTORY

The Battle of France in 1940 was over long before the German High Command predicted it would be. There were no serious plans for an invasion of England; indeed; there were many who expected a speedy Armistice. A hurried attempt was made to mount an airborne/amphibious attack in the last days of summer but a combination of British airpower, bad weather and good sense stayed its execution.

What could have happened had Germany decided on a 1941 campaign against England? With hindsight, of course, the value of avoiding a two-front war cannot be overstated. Did Germany possess the capability (or could it have been developed in the winter of 1940) to invade and conquer England? It's hard to be certain but given the wretched condition of British land forces, their abysmal performance in North Africa in 1941 and the known expertise of their adversaries, it seems to this author that once ashore it would have been only a matter of time before Britain was defeated.

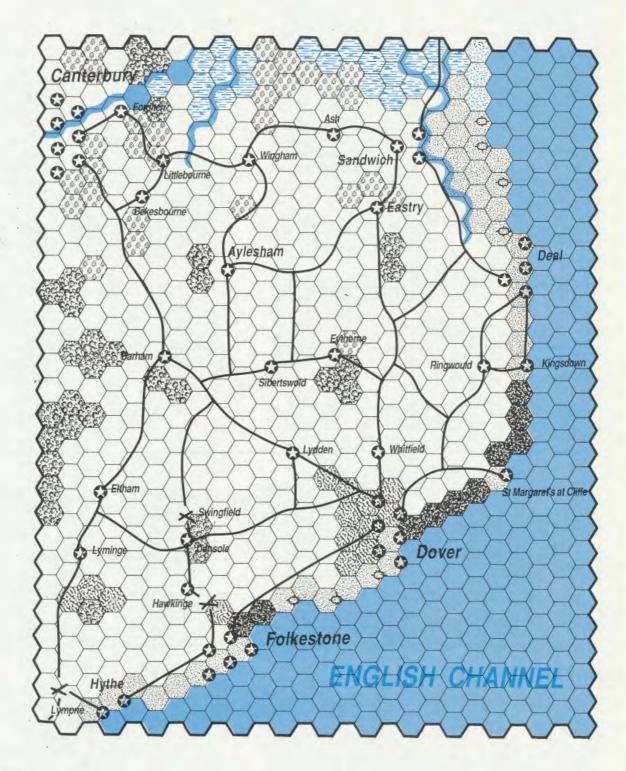
A more difficult question is whether the Germans could have held off the RAF and RN long enough to secure a safe landing area. I'm still undecided on this but for the purpose of this scenario, we'll assume the Germans are going to try.

THE SCENARIO

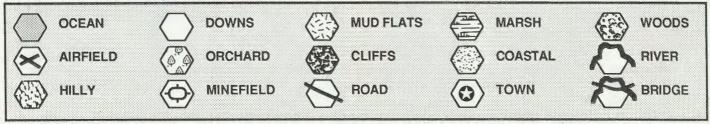
The broad picture in which this scenario is set postulates a German invasion spear-headed by two reinforced airborne divisions and backed up by three divisions and several diversionary groups landing by amphibious transport. The target areas run from Southampton to Ramsgate. Ports and airstrips must be captured, and quickly before the impetous of the invaders is lost.

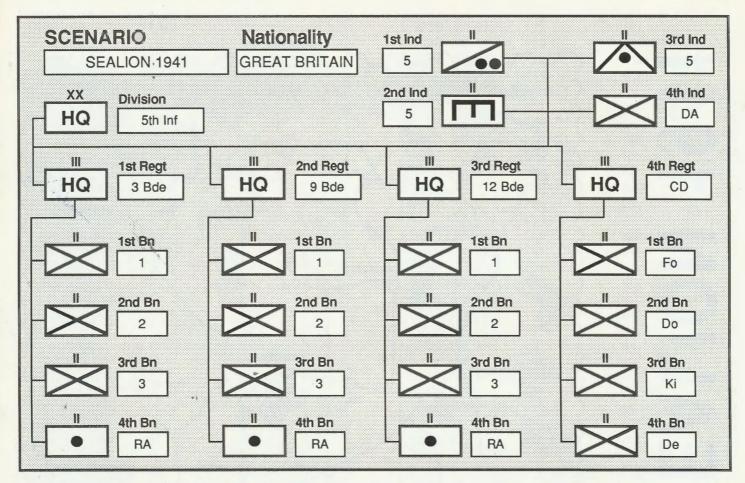
In the small part of southeast England covered by this scenario, the Germans have one airborne division and one composite division with which to capture Dover and Folkestone (and hopefully Kingsdown and Deal) as well as the airfields at Hawkinge, Swingfield and Lyminge. Effectively, they have five days to do the job.

SEALION 1941



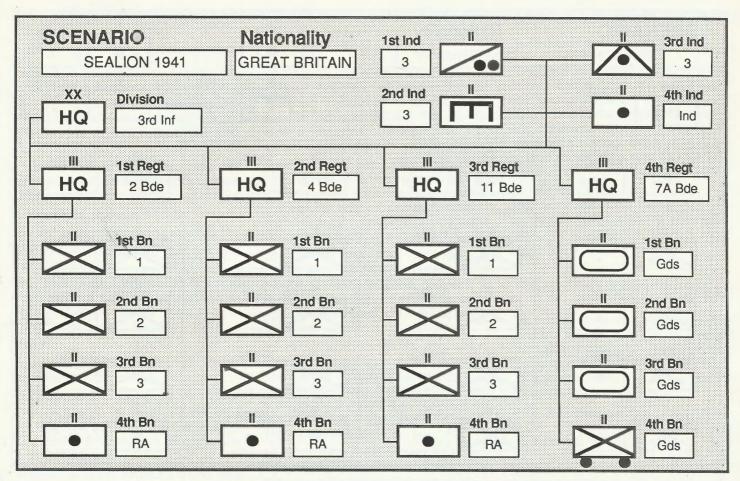
Terrain Key





FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	5th Inf	3 Bde	9 Bde	12 Bde	CD
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Garrison
HQ ADMIN	0-7	5	7	7	7	7
LEADERSHIP	0-7	5	4	3	3	2
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	6	7	7	7	7
MOVEMENT	0-31	12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	8,9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	1	2	3	RA	1	2	3	RA	1	2	3	RA	Fo	Do	Ki	De	5	5	5	DA
LOCATION	(x,y)	7,22	6,22	6,20	5,20	15,6	15,7	16,7	14,7	4,13	5,12	6,13	5,11	8,25	16,20	22,13	22,9	3,26	14,6	0,26	9,9
CLASS	0-13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	6	7	9	0
MODE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EQUIPMT	0-31	3	3	3	14	3	3	3	14	3	3	3	14	20	20	20	20	7	6	10	4
MOVEMENT	0-31	9	9	9	12	9	9	9	12	9	9	9	12	0	0	0	0	20	9	12	4
STRENGTH	0-15	12	12	12	4	12	12	12	4	12	12	12	4	9	12	3	7	6	12	9	6
RATING	0-15	8	8	8	11	8	8	8	11	8	8	8	11	6	6	6	6	7	10	9	3
RANGE	0-15	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ARRIVAL	0-63	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	9
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
EXPERIENCE	0-7	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	6	5	5	0
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	2	3	1													

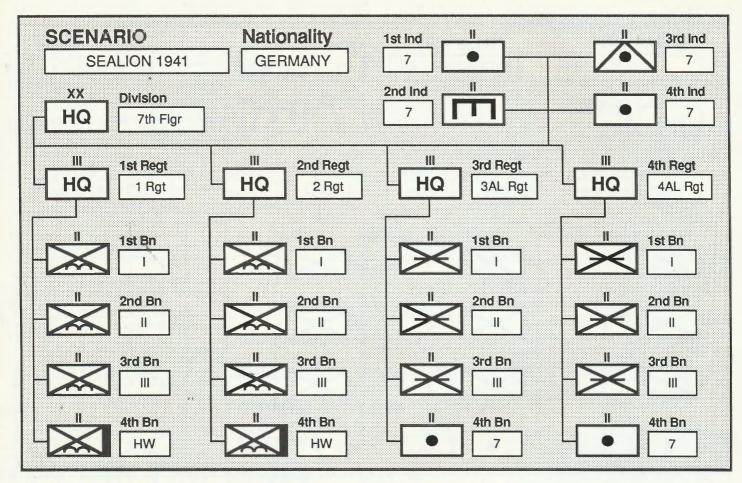


HEADQUARTERS DATA

FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	3rd Inf	2 Bde	4 Bde	11 Bde	7A Bde
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Armour
HQ ADMIN	0-7	5	7	7	7	7
LEADERSHIP	0-7	3	. 2	5	3	4
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	6	7	7	7	7
MOVEMENT	0-31	12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	1,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

BATTALION DATA

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	1	2	- 3	RA	1	2	3	RA	1	2	3	RA	Gds	Gds	Gds	Gds	3	3	3	Ind
LOCATION	(x,y)	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	18,0	18,0	18,0	18,0	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4
CLASS	0-13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	11	11	11	1	6	7	9	13
MODE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EQUIPM'T	0-31	3	3	3	14	3	3	3	14	3	3	3	14	16	17	17	7	9	6	10	19
MOVEMENT	0-31	9	9	9	12	9	9	9	12	9	9	9	12	2	16	16	12	20	9	12	12
STRENGTH	0-15	12	12	12	4	12	12	12	4	12	12	12	4	8	9	9	9	8	12	9	6
RATING	0-15	8	8	8	11	8	8	8	11	8	8	8	11	5	3	3	9	7	10	9	15
RANGE	0-15	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	15
ARRIVAL	0-63	17	17	17	17	11	11	11	11	5	5	5	5	7	9	12	9	8	10	12	12
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
EXPERIENCE	0-7	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	3	4
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	4	4	4								

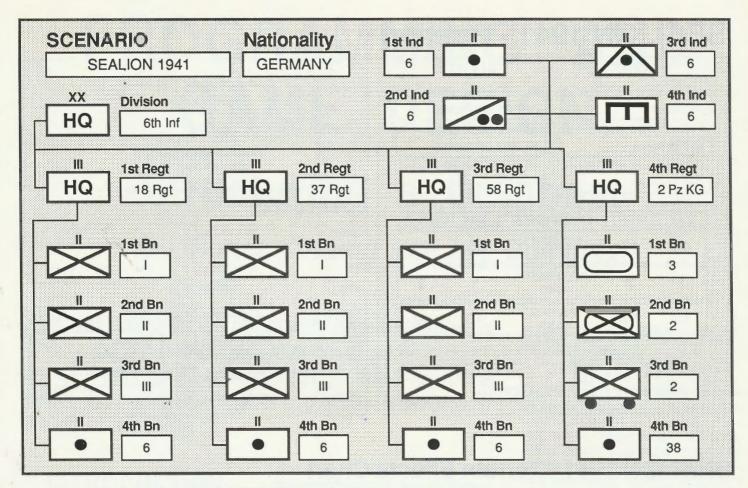


HEADQUARTERS DATA

FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	7th Flgr	1 Rgt	2 Rgt	3AL Rgt	4AL Rgt
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Airborne	Airborne	Airborne	Airborne	Airborne
HQ ADMIN	0-7	4	7	. 7	7	7
LEADERSHIP	0-7	7	7	7	6	6
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	4	7	7	7	7
MOVEMENT	0-31	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	18,15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

BATTALION DATA

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	- 1	II	111	HW	1	II	101	HW			111	HW	- 1		Ш	7	7	7	7	7
LOCATION	(x,y)	11,20	10,18	10,15	12,18	18,13	20,14	17,13	19,11	10,20	10,20	10,20	10,20	10,21	10,21	10,21	10,21	10,17	9,16	11,21	11,21
CLASS	0-13	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	4	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	13	7	9	13
MODE	0-3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2
EQUIPMT	0-31		1	1	11	1	1	1	11	1	1	i	12	1	1	1	12	12	6	10	13
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	4	6	-6	4
STRENGTH	0-15	10	10	10	6	10	10	10	6	12	12	12	3	12	12	12	3	3	10	6	3
RATING	0-15	6	6	6	8	6	6	6	8	9	9	9	10	9	9	9	10	10	8	8	12
RANGE	0-15	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	10	0	0		10	10	0	1	14
ARRIVAL	0-63	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	7	9	10	13	7	9	10	13	4	4	11	15
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
EXPERIENCE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	6	7	6	6	6	5	5	7	6	5	6	6	7	5	6
ATTACHM'T	0-4	N/A	1	1	3	3															



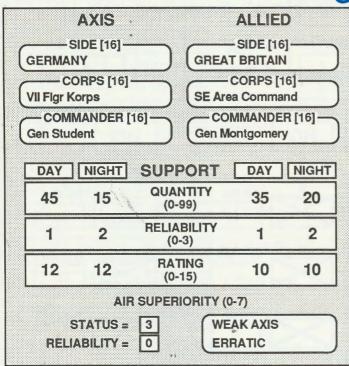
HEADQUARTERS DATA

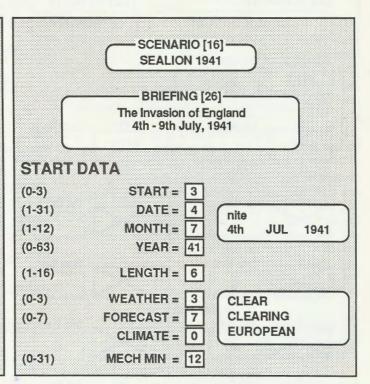
FORMATION		XX HQ	1/RHQ	2/RHQ	3/RHQ	4/RHQ
HQ I.D.	[8]	6th Inf	18 Rgt	37 Rgt	58 Rgt	2 Pz KG
UNIT TYPE	[8]	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Infantry	Panzer
HQ ADMIN	0-7	4	7	7	, 7	7
LEADERSHIP	0-7	6	6	5	6	7
HQ SUPPLY	0-7	5	7	7	7	7
MOVEMENT	0-31	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARRIVAL	0-63	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LOCATION	(x,y)	15,22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

BATTALION DATA

FORMATION	11/111	1/1	2/1	3/1	4/1	1/2	2/2	3/2	4/2	1/3	2/3	3/3	4/3	1/4	2/4	3/4	4/4	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-
UNIT I.D.	[3]	- 1	H	111	6	- 1	11	111	6	1	11	111	6	3	2	2	38	6	6	6	6
LOCATION	(x,y)	11,23	12,23	12,23	11,23	13,23	11,23	14,23	12,23	14,23	13,23	14,23	13,23	17,20	17,20	17,20	17,20	12,23	13,23	12,23	12,23
CLASS	0-13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	11	2	1	13	13	6	9	7
MODE	0-3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
EQUIPM'T	0-31	2	2	2	13	2	2	2	13	2	2	2	13	15	5	5	13	18	9	10	6
MOVEMENT	0-31	8	8	8	6	8	8	8	6	8	8	8	6	12	12	12	12	4	16	6	8
STRENGTH	0-15	12	12	12	4	12	12	12	4	12	12	12	4	9	9	9	3	4	9	6	12
RATING	0-15	9	9	9	12	9	9	9	12	9	9	9	12	8	6	9	12	13	8	8	10
RANGE	0-15	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	14	1	0	0	14	15	0	1	0
ARRIVAL	0-63	5	5	7	7	9	9	9	9	5	5	7	7	16	15	15	17	11	7	10	7
FATIGUE	0-7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
EXPERIENCE	0-7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
ATTACHMT	0-4	N/A	1	3	3	2															

SEALION 1941 - Briefing





SEALION 1941 - Terrain Effects Chart

TERRAIN	TERRAIN	TERRAIN CO	STS PER HEX	ATT	ACK EFFE	CTS
(T0-T15)	NAME [10]	MECH (0-31)	NON-MECH (0-31)	ARM (0-7)	ART (0-7)	INF (0-7)
T0	OCEAN	0	0	0	0	0
T1(RET)	DOWNS	3	2	6	7	7
T2	WOODS	4	2	6	6	7
Т3	HILLY	4	2	4	6	5
T4	es.	-	-	-	-	-
T5	-	-	-	-	-	-
T6	MARSH	0	8	2	4	4
T7	COASTAL	2	2	6	6	6
T8	AIRFIELD	2	2	6	6	6
T9	-	-	-	-	-	-
T10	CLIFF	0	0	0	0	0
T11	MUD FLAT	0	8	2	5	5 6
T12	ORCHARD	3	2	5	6	6
T13	-	-	-	-	-	-
T14	-	=	•	-	-	
T15		-	-	-	-	-
=	ROAD	2	1	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
-	FORT	N.A.	N.A.	3	3	4
	TOWN	N.A.	N.A.	4	4	5
-	BRIDGE	1	1	5	7	5
-	RIVER	N.A.	3	4	7	4

SEALION 1941 - Objectives

I.D. (1-24)	NAME [11]	MAP LOC [x,y]	START (0-63)	END (0-63)	POINTS PER TURN (0-30)	POINTS AT END (0-255)
1(AX)	Lympne	0,26	4	23	2	50
2(AX)	Hythe	2,27	4	23	3	50
3(AX)	Folkestone	8,25	4	23	5	100
4(AX)	Hawkinge AF	7,22	4	23	10	50
5(AX)	Swingfield	6,19	4	23	2	50
6(AX)	Dover	16,20	4	23	10	150
7(AX)	Kingsdown	22,13	4	23	5	50
8(AX)	Deal	22,9	4	23	5	75
9(AX)	Aylesham	8,9	4	23	2	50
10(AX)	Eastry	15,6	4	23	1	50
11(AX)	Barham	* 5,12	4	23	1	50
12(AX)	Sandwich	17,4	4	23	1	75
1(AL)	Deal	22,9	4	23	3	25
2(AL)	Kingsdown	22,13	4	23	2	25
3(AL)	Dover	16,20	4	23	5	200
4(AL)	Folkestone	8,25	4	23	5	150
5(AL)	Hythe	2,27	4	23	3	25
6(AL)	Hawkinge AF	7,22	4	23	5	25
7(AL)	Lympne	0,26	4	23	1	25
8(AL)	Swingfield	6,19	4	23	2	25
9(AL)	Lydden	11,16	4	23	2	25
10(AL)	Whitfield	15,16	4	23	2	25
11(AL)	Ringwould	20,13	4	23	2	25
12(AL)	-	-	-	. =	-	-

SEALION 1941 - Miscellaneous Factors

	EX I	ENT ENEMY PENALTY 0-15)	
1st HEX =	1	4th HEX =	4
2nd HEX =	1	5th HEX =	4
3rd HEX =	2	6th HEX =	4

		TAIO	NI.
AXIS	4	2	
ALLIED	4	1	

MAP SIZE	
ACROSS (0-2)	1
DOWN (0-3)	3

EUROPE ABLAZE Technical Data on Plane Types

PART THREE

American and French Aircraft of World War II

In this chapter of our **Europe Ablaze** technical feature, American and French aircraft are described and formatted. All production types as well as many of the more interesting development types are included.

Part Four in the next issue will conclude the feature with an evaluation of Commonwealth, Russian and minor Allied aircraft.

AMERICAN AIRCRAFT DESIGNATIONS

At the time of American entry into the Second World War, US air forces operated as separate appendages of the US Army and the US Navy. Of other contemporary major powers, only Japan organized her air forces in this way.

Germany, the Commonwealth, France, Italy and Russia operated their air forces as an independent service. It was not until 1947 that US Army and Navy air forces were amalgamated as the USAF.

The designation systems used by the Army and Navy were different; another parallel with Japan, but fortunately only one system was in operation for each.

The US Army Air Force

The basic designation structure consisted of two characters, the first being a letter which described the function of the aircraft and the second a numeral to identify the particular model. For example, the B-24 is the 24th bomber aircraft authorized by the USAAF.

Some of the more common function codes were A (Attack), AT (Advanced Trainer), B (Bomber), BT (Basic Trainer), C (Cargo), F (Photographic), FM (Fighter, multipurpose), L (Liason), O (Observation), and P (Pursuit).

An X prefix (e.g. XP-40) specified an experimental prototype; a Y prefix specified a batch of aircraft ordered for service trials or evaluation

Suffixes were used to identify successive variants of a particular type. For example, the P-51D is the fourth production model of the Mustang.

A 'block' number and a Manufacturer's Code could be added to the basic designation to provide a more precise identification of

individual aircraft. For example, B-24H-10-CF identifies the Liberator as being in the third production block (-10) built by Consolidated at Fort Worth.

The US Navy

The US Navy designation system, which covered Marine Corps aircraft as well, was comprised of four major components. These were a function code, a manufacturer's sequence numeral, a manufacturer's ID code and a variant numeral.

For example, the code SB2U-3 tells us that the Vindicator is a scout-bomber, the second of that type built by Chance Vought and that it is the third production variant. Note that the manufacturer's sequence numeral is omitted for the first aircraft of that type produced; i.e. SBD Dauntless, not SB1D.

Major function codes were B (Bomber), BT (Bomber-Torpedo), F (Fighter), G (Transport), N (Trainer), O (Observation), P (Patrol), PB (Patrol-Bomber), SB (Scout Bomber), TB (Torpedo-Bomber).

An X prefix identified an experimental prototype while a range of suffix codes were in use to describe minor modifications which did not justify a separate variant number. For example, F6F-3N tells us that this Grumman Hellcat was modified for night fighting duties.

Other Aircraft

In addition to supplying her own air forces, the US aircraft industry produced a large number of aircraft for foreign air forces. Most of these aircraft types eventually saw some kind of service with US forces; those that didn't have the *manufacturer's private designation.

AIRCRAFT NOTES

The following notes are intended to give a brief summary of operational histories as well as to identify the more important modifications made to major aircraft types. The arrangement in this section corresponds to the order in the tables overleaf.

United States Aircraft

A number of aircraft types served both with the Army and Navy. In these cases, the designation used is that of the branch first ordering the aircraft.

P-39 (AIRACOBRA). Single engine fighter. Specifically designed to employ a 37mm cannon. Entered service early 1942 but problems with in-line engine and maintenance troubles restricted its use once alternative fighters were available. The bulk of major variant production went to the USSR under the provisions of the Lend-Lease scheme. Other countries to use the P-39 were Great Britain, France (after 1944) and Italy (after 1943).

P-59 (AIRACOMET). Twin engine jet fighter. The first jet aircraft designed in America, the P-59 first flew in Aug 1943 but because of teething troubles and extended flight testing, never saw front-line service. Employed as an operational trainer until 1946.

P-63 (KING COBRA). Single engine fighter. A development of the Airacobra, the P-63 entered service in mid 1943. The availability of superior fighters such as the Thunderbolt and Mustang prevented its operational use by US forces. Some 80% of total production went to the USSR with the remainder going to the FFAF.

B-17 (FLYING FORTRESS). Four engine heavy bomber. The first production variants of this superior design entered service mid 1940 and although early versions were under-armed and short ranged, they gave a good account of themselves. Used extensively in Europe and the Pacific, finally spearheading the 8th Air Force's strategic offensive against German industrial capacity. Undoubtedly the toughest bomber to see action in Europe.

B-29 (SUPERFORTRESS). Four engine very heavy bomber. Entered service in June 1944, attacking Japanese territory in Burma and China as well as the mainland itself. It was the first military aircraft to provide pressurized accommodation for all crew members. Operated extensively from the Marianas Islands against the Japanese homeland, finally delivering the atomic coup de grace in Aug 1945.

F2A-3 (BUFFALO). Single engine fighter. Entered service with the USN in May 1940 and was the principal carrier fighter until late 1941. Performed poorly against Japanese fighters and withdrawn from service by mid 1942. Saw action under Dutch colours in the Far East and Finnish colours in the Winter war of 1939-40.

SB2A (BUCCANEER). Single engine attack bomber. Entered service 1942 but mediocre performance led to its rejection for operational use both by the USN and the RAF. British versions (Bermudas) adapted for target towing while USN aircraft served as advanced trainers.

PBY (CATALINA). Twin engine maritime reconnaissance flying boat. Entered service 1936 and saw action throughout the war in the Pacific theatre in patrol, ASW, rescue and transport roles. Used extensively by the RAF for ASW duty in the Atlantic. Used also by Canadian, Australian and Russian forces.

PB2Y (CORONADO). Four engine maritime reconnaissance flying boat. A larger development of the Catalina, the PB2Y entered service 1942 and saw action in recon, ASW and transport roles.

B-24 (LIBERATOR). Four engine heavy bomber. Originally intended as a replacement for the B-17. Entered service in 1942 but performance was inferior to the B-17 in all but range. Became the major heavy bomber in the Pacific theatre until the advent of the B-29 while the B-17 continued as the mainstay of the European bombing offensive. Later modifications included photographic, training and transport versions as well as the nearly 1,000 aircraft employed by the USN in ASW duties under the designation PB4Y-1.

PB4Y (PRIVATEER). Four engine maritime patrol bomber. A development of the B-24, the PB4Y-2 entered service 1944 and saw limited action in the Pacific in its intended patrol bomber role. Some ASW and transport duties were also performed.

B-32 (TERMINATOR). Four engine very heavy bomber. Ordered into production in 1940 as a backup to the B-29, the B-32

became operational for a brief period in mid 1945, attacking Japan from the Marianas. More commonly known as the Dominator.

75A (HAWK). Single engine fighter. An export version of the P-36A, the Hawk entered service with the FAF in 1939 where it gave a good account of itself in the Battle of France. After the Armistice, outstanding orders went to Britain and saw action in Burma-India until 1944.

P-36 (MOHAWK). Single engine fighter. Entered service with the USAAF in 1940. Saw action at Pearl Harbour before being relegated to second-line and training duties shortly afterwards.

P-40 (WARHAWK). Single engine fighter. A development of the P-36, the P-40 entered service in 1941 and saw action on all fronts, equipping the air forces of ten nations by war's end. Supplanted by Thunderbolts and Mustangs in the last years of the war, the P-40 finally served in second-line and training roles.

SBC (HELLDIVER). Single engine biplane attack bomber. Entered service 1937 but saw no action in the war. Retired from US service early 1942. RAF versions used only for ground instruction.

SB2C (HELLDIVER). Single engine attack (dive) bomber. Entered service Dec 1942 as the replacement for the Dauntless. First saw action from a carrier deck in the attacks on Rabaul in 1943. By 1944 had become the mainstay of the carrier-borne dive bomber force, notwithstanding the preference of many pilots for the older SBD.

CW-21 (DEMON). Single engine fighter. Originally produced for the Chinese government, some 40 of these aircraft saw action in the Netherlands East Indies against the Japanese. Inadequate performance resulted in heavy losses. A two-seat trainer version was supplied to the US Navy as the SNC-1 Falcon.

A-20 (HAVOC/BOSTON). Twin engine medium bomber. Developed from the famous DB-7 bomber, the A-20 series entered US service in 1942 and served with distinction throughout the Pacific and European theatres. Export versions equipped Russian, French and Commonwealth air forces. The P-70 night fighter variant gave useful stopgap service until the arrival of the purpose built P-61 Black Widow.

A-26 (INVADER). Twin engine medium bomber. Ordered as a replacement for the A-20, the A-26 entered service late 1944 seeing action in Europe and the Pacific. Later

AMERICAN AIRCRAFT OF WWII

NAME	[11]	Airacobra	Airacobra	Airacobra	Airacomet	King Cobra	King Cobra	Fortress	Fortress	Fortress	Superfort
DESIGNATION	or[11]	P-39D	P-39N	P-39Q	P-59B	P-63A	P-63C	B-17C	B-17F	B-17G	B-29
ROLE	0-3	0	0 (1)	0 (1)	0	0 (1)	0 (1)	2	2	2	2
CREW	0-7	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	7	7
FUEL	1-255	44	41	35	17	14	12	109	97	115	163
PAYLOAD	0-63	2	2	2	0	2 (6)	2 (6)	35	59	59	63
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	32	39	35	41	41	39	36	37	36	32
MAX. SPEED	1-41	18	19	19	21	20	21	15	16	14	18
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	14	10	11	30	24	25	25	25	25	25
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	11	11	11	19	19	18	12	11	9	12
CLIMB RATE	1-15	13	15	15	15	15	14	7	4	3	3
FIREPOWER	0-7	5	6	4	3	5	5	2	5	5	- 5
MANOEUVER.	0-7	4	4	4	5	4	4	2	1	1	0
VULNERABILITY	0-7	4	5	4	7	5	5	4	5	6	6
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N (Y)
TOT. PROD.	[#]	c. 1,620	c. 2,100	c. 4,900	c. 60	c. 1,750	c. 1,250	c. 110	c. 3,910	c. 8,600	c. 3,910

NAME	[11]	Buffalo	Buccaneer	Catalina	Catalina	Coronado	Liberator	Liberator	Liberator	Privateer	Terminator
DESIGNATION	or[11]	F2A-3"	SB2A-2	PBY-3	PBY-5A	PB2Y-3	B-24A	B-24D	B-24H	PB4Y-2	B-32
ROLE	0-3	0	2 (3)	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
CREW	0-7	1	2	6	7	7	6	7	7	7	6
FUEL	1-255	46	54	217	252	147	115	158	107	200 (90)	100
PAYLOAD	0-63	0 (1)	4	5	14	27	29	43	43	25 (43)	63
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	33	25	24	15	21	31	32	28	20	31
MAX. SPEED	1-41	16	14	10	9	11	15	15	15	12	18
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	17	12	12	7	20	15	25	25	14	30
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	8	8	6	6	7	11	10	11	8	15
CLIMB RATE	1-15	11	10	5	3	3	9	5	4	5	3
FIREPOWER	0-7	4	3	1	2	4	3	4	5	5	4
MANOEUVER.	0-7	5	4	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
VULNERABILITY	0-7	3	3	2	3	5	4	5	5	6	4
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N	N	N (Y)	N (Y)
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c. 510	c. 770	c. 220	c. 2,850	c. 230	c, 40	c. 2,700	c. 15,000	c. 740	c. 120

NAME	[11]	Hawk	Mohawk	Mohawk	Warhawk	Warhawk	Warhawk	Helldiver	Helldiver	Demon	Havoc
DESIGNATION	or[11]	75A	P-36A	P-36C	P-40C	P-40F	- P-40N	SBC-4	SB2C-4	CW-21B	A-20G
ROLE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0 (1)	0 (1)	2	2	0	2
CREW	0-7	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	3
FUEL	1-255	42	33	30	31	17	15	59	82	27	47
PAYLOAD	0-63	0	0	0	0	2	5	4	4 (7)	0	14
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	33	33	33	30	34	38	27	29	34	26
MAX, SPEED	1-41	15	15	15	17	18	19	12	15	16	17
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	19	10	14	15	20	11	15	17	12	12
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	13	14	12	14	15	14	6	8	14	14
CLIMB RATE	1-15	11	14	15	14	10	11	9	9	15	7
FIREPOWER	0-7	2 (3) (4)	2	4	5	6	5	1	1 (3)	2	4
MANOEUVER.	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	5	6	3
VULNERABILITY	0-7	3	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	3	4
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c, 820	c. 180	c, 60	c. 1,700	c. 4,490	c. 5,220	c. 350	c. 7,000	c. 70	c. 6,200

variants were used extensively in Korea and Vietnam.

B-18 (BOLO). Twin engine medium bomber. Entered service 1940 but saw little action after Pearl Harbour. An inferior type soon relegated to training and transport duties. Canadian aircraft (Digbys) used for convoy escort and ASW duty until 1943.

SBD (DAUNTLESS). Single engine attack (dive) bomber. Entered service in 1940 and was the principal carrier-borne dive bomber until 1943. It served with distinction throughout the Pacific, its greatest feat being the sinking of four Japanese carriers at Midway. Some aircraft saw service with the USAAF as land-based A-24s.

BTD (DESTROYER). Single engine attack (torpedo) bomber. Ordered as a multipurpose carrier-borne bomber, a few BTDs entered service late 1944 but saw no actiog. The last variant became the prototype for the successful AD Skyraider.

TBD (DEVASTATOR). Single engine torpedo bomber. Entered service 1937 and was the USN's carrier-borne torpedo bomber on the outbreak of war. Very poor performance forced its early retirement as soon as sufficient TBF Avengers were available as replacements.

P-75 (EAGLE). Single engine high-altitude interceptor. Developed rapidly in 1943 using components from other aircraft already in service, the first flight trials in 1944 were disappointing. Production orders canceled soon after.

F4F (WILDCAT). Single engine fighter. The work-horse of the USN and Marine Corps in the Pacific, serving with distinction in carrier-borne and land-based roles from 1941 until the end of the war.

FF (GOBLIN). Single engine fighter. Although withdrawn from front-line US service in 1940, the Goblin saw some action in the Spanish Civil War, several aircraft surviving in Spanish service until 1950. Canadian versions used for training purposes.

F6F (HELLCAT). Single engine fighter. The replacement for the Wildcat, the F6F entered service aboard US fleet carriers in early 1943 and was the principal carrier fighter until the end of the war. Also served aboard British CVs.

F7F (TIGERCAT). Twin engine fighter bomber. Originally ordered as the USN's first twin engine carrier-borne bomber, the first production aircraft were delivered too late to see action. Served in a land-based role in the immediate post-war years.

TBF (AVENGER). Single engine torpedo bomber. Entered service mid 1942 and first saw action in the naval battles for Guadalcanal. Fought in every major naval or amphibious operation thereafter in the Pacific. Remained in front-line service throughout the war and in post-war years. Finally retired in 1957 as the longest serving USN aircraft at that time.

A-28 (HUDSON). Twin engine medium (light) bomber. Used principally by Britain and other Commonwealth countries as a patrol/ASW bomber, the Hudson saw action in the Atlantic and the Pacific. Only a few were used by the US; as PBO-1 patrol aircraft by the USN and as A-28/A-29 transport aircraft by the USAAF.

P-38 (LIGHTNING). Twin engine long range fighter or fighter bomber. Originally intended as a fast, high altitude interceptor, Lockheed chose to meet the requirement with the use of a twin boom airframe, the first of its type in US service. Teething troubles delayed delivery and the aircraft did not become operational until late 1942. Saw action in all theatres in both fighter and ground attack roles. Also served as the most widely used photo-reconnaissance aircraft in the USAAF.

P-80 (SHOOTING STAR). Single engine jet fighter. The second US jet to fly, the P-80 was sent to Europe for service trials in early 1945 but these were not completed prior to war's end. Saw some post-war service.

PV (VENTURA/HARPOON). Twin engine patrol bomber. Originally built to a British specification, the PV was found unsuitable for daylight European service and relegated to Coastal command duties. After 1941, the aircraft was used by the USAAF for overwater patrols in the Pacific using the name B-34. USN variants served in ASW role. Equipped all Commonwealth air forces before production ceased in 1944. The PV-2 (Harpoon) was an improved version with increased fuel capacity and armament.

167A (MARYLAND). Twin engine reconnaissance bomber. First ordered by France, only 70 were delivered before the Armistice. The remainder of the FAF order went to Britain and were used in North Africa, the Mediterranean and the Middle East. Some sent to South Africa. Did not see operational service with US forces.

A-30 (BALTIMORE). Twin engine attack (light) bomber. An improved version of the

Maryland, the A-30 equipped several RAF squadrons in the Mediterranean seeing extensive service in North Africa and later in Sicily and Italy. Used in a transport role by the USAAF.

B-26 (MARAUDER). Twin engine medium bomber. Originally ordered in 1939, the B-26 did not enter service until 1942 because of training difficulties associated with its high landing speed. After modifications, the aircraft saw action in all theatres, being replaced in the Pacific in 1944 by B-25s. Also used for training, transport and photoreconnaissance duties.

PBM (MARINER). Twin engine maritime reconnaissance flying boat. Entered service 1940 and used in conjunction with PBYs throughout the Pacific in patrol, ASW, and transport roles. One squadron employed by the RAF.

AT (HARVARD). Single engine advanced trainer or fighter. Used by the USAAF solely for training purposes and by other air forces in various roles. Licence built in Australia as the Wirraway, it engaged Japanese fighters on several occasions in early 1942, always disastrously.

B-25 (MITCHELL). Twin engine medium bomber. Entered service 1941 and saw action in every theatre until the end of the war. most notable exploit was the 'Doolittle' raid on Tokyo from the CV Yorktown in April 1942. Later, heavily armed versions were used extensively in Europe and the Mediterranean.

P-51 (MUSTANG). Single engine fighter. The most famous of all US fighters of WWII, the Mustang entered service with the USAAF in the Middle East in 1943. By war's end, Mustangs were employed in every theatre, earning a lethal reputation. They remained in service in post war years, being finally discarded in the fifties.

A-17 (NOMAD). Single engine attack (light) bomber. Entered service with the RAF in 1937 but poor performance resulted in their transfer to South Africa for target towing duty. Employed by China, Argentina, Peru and Holland in various roles. USAAF aircraft used solely for training.

P-61 (BLACK WIDOW). Twin engine night fighter. Entered service mid 1944 in the Pacific theatre and subsequently employed in Europe where because of the state of the war there was little for them to do. Used also as a trainer and in a reconnaissance role.

P-43 (LANCER). Single engine fighter. Unsuccessful forerunner to the acclaimed

AMERICAN AIRCRAFT OF WWII (Cont.)

NAME	[11]	Havoc	Havoc	Invader	Bolo	Dauntless	Dauntless	Destroyer	Devastator	Eagle	Wildcat
DESIGNATION	or[11]	A-20K	P-70	A-26B	B-18A	SBD-3	SBD-5	BTD-1	TBD-1	P-75A	F4F-4
ROLE	0-3	2	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
CREW	0-7	3	3	3	6	2	2	1	3	1	1
FUEL	1-255	45	45	60	79	70	75	90	43	50	57
PAYLOAD	0-63	14	0	20	22	5	8	11	4	0 (4)	1
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	23	28	22	24	27	24	24	20	38	35
MAX. SPEED	1-41	16	16	19	11	13	13	17	10	20	16
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	11	14	10	10	16	14	16	8	20	19
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	13	14	14	8	8	7	9	6	13	8
CLIMB RATE	1-15	6	10	6	5	6	9	8	4	15	10
FIREPOWER	0-7	` 4	6	5	1	2	3	2	1	7	6
MANOEUVER.	0-7	3	4	3	2	5	5	4	3	4	5
VULNERABILITY	0-7	5	4	5	3	4	5	5	3	4	4
NIGHT	Y/N	N	Υ	N (Y)	N (Y)	N	N	N	N	N	N
TOT. PROD.	[#]	c. 700	c. 380	c. 2,450	c. 370	c. 1,510	c. 4,420	c. 30	c. 130	c. 10	c. 2,460

NAME	[11]	Wildcat	Goblin	Hellcat	Hellcat	Tigercat	Avenger	Avenger	Hudson	Lightning	Lightning
DESIGNATION	or[11]	FM-2 **	FF-2	F6F-3	F6F-5	F7F-3	TBF-1	TBM-3	A-28	P-38D	P-38G
ROLE	0-3	0	0	0	0	0 (1)	2	2	2	0	0
CREW	0-7	1	2	1	1	1 (2) (3)	3	3	4	1	1
FUEL	1-255	66	67	80	70	64	81	85	93	20	17
PAYLOAD	0-63	2	0	2	7	0 (4)	6	6	6	0	3
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	35	21	37	37	40	21	23	27	39	41
MAX. SPEED	1-41	17	10	19	19	21	13	13	13	20	20
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	29	4	17	23	21	12	15	15	25	25
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	8	7	8	8	9	8	8	10	15	15
CLIMB RATE	1-15	15	8	15	15	15	4	6	8	13	13
FIREPOWER	0-7	4	2	6	6	7	3	2	2	5	5
MANOEUVER.	0-7	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	3	5	5
VULNERABILITY	0-7	5	2	5	5	6	4	4	4	4	5
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	N (Y)	N	N (Y)	N	N	N (Y)	N	N
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c. 4,900	c. 120	c. 4,600	c. 7,600	c. 290	c. 2,700	c. 7,200	c. 2,930	c. 100	c. 1,900

NAME	[11]	Lightning	Shoot. Star	Ventura	Harpoon	Maryland	Baltimore	Marauder	Marauder	Mariner	Harvard
DESIGNATION	or[11]	P-38J	P-80A	PV-1	PV-2	167A-3	A-30	B-26B	B-26G	PBM-3	AT-6A
ROLE	0-3	0	0	2 (3)	2 (3)	2 (3)	2	2	2	3	0
CREW	0-7	1	1	4	4	3	4	6	6	7	2
FUEL	1-255	23	18	105	102	64	54	53	60	233	42
PAYLOAD	0-63	5	0	7	15	7	7	18	14	12 (27)	0 (2)
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	41	41	26	24	30	22	24	20	18	24
MAX, SPEED	1-41	21	31	16	14	15	15	16	14	10	11
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	25	20	14	14	13	13	15	5	13	- 5
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	15	20	8	9	12	12	13	11	7	9
CLIMB RATE	1-15	14	15	11	8	10	8	6	3	3	7
FIREPOWER	0-7	5	6	2	4	3	3 (4)	3	5	4	2
MANOEUVER.	0-7	5	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	0	5
VULNERABILITY	0-7	5	5	4	4	4	5	4	5	4	3
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	N (Y)	N (Y)	N (Y)	N (Y)	N	N	Υ	N
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c. 7,600	c, 10	c. 2,500	c. 540	c, 440	c. 1,580	c. 3,470	c. 1,250	c. 1,340	c. 3,000

AMERICAN AIRCRAFT OF WWII (Cont.)

NAME	°[11]	Mitchell	Mitchell	Mitchell	Mustang	Mustang	Nomad	Black Widow	Black Widow	Lancer	Thunderbolt
DESIGNATION	or[11]	B-25D	B-25H	B-25J	P-51B	P-51D	A-17A	P-61A	P-61B	P-43	P-47B
ROLE	0-3	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1)	0
CREW	0-7	5	- 5	6	1	1	2	3	3	1	1
FUEL	1-255	60	67	67	30 (65)	68	49	54 (95)	111	34	22
PAYLOAD	0-63	10	11	11	7	7	3	4	6	1	0
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	24	24	24	41	41	19	33	33	38	41
MAX. SPEED	1-41	15	14	14	22	22	11	18	18	17	21
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	15	13	13	30	25	3	20	20	25	28
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	13	12	12	18	18	9	16	16	14	17
CLIMB RATE	1-15	9	4	7	15	15	6	10	8	14	11
FIREPOWER	े 0-7	3	5	6	4	6	1	4	6	- 4	7
MANOEUVER.	0-7	3	3	3	7	7	4	4	4	6	5
VULNERABILITY	0-7	4	5	5	6	6	2	5	6	4	5
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Υ	Υ	N	N
TOT. PROD.	[#]	c. 4,100	c. 1,400	c. 4,200	c. 3,740	c. 7,960	c. 490	c. 200	c. 480	c. 270	c. 770

NAME	[11]	Thunderbolt	Thunderbolt	Corsair	Corsair	Kingfisher	Vindicator	Vengeance	Vanguard	Peashooter	Shrike
DESIGNATION	or[11]	*P-47D	P-47N	F4U-1	F4U-4	OS2U-3	SB2U-3	A-31	P-66	P-26A	A-12
ROLE	0-3	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	0	2
CREW	0-7	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
FUEL	1-255	19 (58)	21 (100)	53	46	80	74	35	32	24	32
PAYLOAD	0-63	9	5	5	14	3	4	7	0		2
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	41	41	37	41	13	24	23	28	27	21
MAX. SPEED	1-41	21	23	21	22	8	12	14	17	12	11
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	30	33	20	26	6	10	11	15	6	8
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	18	15	9	11	6	- 8	12	15	10	9
CLIMB RATE	1-15	11	10	14	15	2	5	5	11	12	10
FIREPOWER	0-7	7	7	6	6	1	2	3	5	2	2
MANOEUVER.	0-7	5	5	6	6	6	4	5	5	6	5
VULNERABILITY	0-7	6	6	5	6	2	3	3	3	2	2
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N	N (Y)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c. 12,650	c. 2,000	c. 8,700	c, 3,500	c. 1,520	C. 240	c. 1,930	c, 150	c. 150	c. 80

Thunderbolt. Most aircraft were Lend-Leased to China where they saw some action against the Japanese in 1943. All USAAF and Australian aircraft used for reconnaissance.

P-47 (THUNDERBOLT). Single engine fighter/fighter-bomber. One of the 'ugliest' aircraft of the war, the 'Jug' was beloved by its pilots for its extreme toughness and resistance to damage. Entered service in 1943 and served in all theatres in fighter and ground attack roles until war's end. The long range N variant was used to escort B-29s from the Marianas to Japan.

F4U (CORSAIR). Single engine fighter. The very best of the USN's fighters, the Corsair entered service in 1943, operating with Marine Corps AGs from land bases. Problems with landing gear and cockpit visibility

delayed its use as a carrier-borne fighter until late 1944. Achieved remarkable results against Japanese aircraft in the closing months of the war.

OS2U (KINGFISHER). Single engine observation floatplane. The most widely used USN floatplane of the war and the only US aircraft comparable to the excellent Japanese range of of ship-borne floatplanes.

SB2U (VINDICATOR). Single engine attack bomber. Entered service as a carrier-borne bomber in 1939 and equipped squadrons aboard several CVs until discarded in mid 1942. Saw some use with the Marine Corps while RAF versions were found unsuitable for front-line service and relegated to training duty.

A-31 (VENGEANCE). Single engine attack (dive) bomber. Originally ordered by the

RAF in 1940, the Vengeance entered service in 1942 but because of pressing local needs, were retained by the USAAF. Used solely in the Pacific and Burma-India theatres. Some aircraft used later by the RAAF.

P-66 (VANGUARD). Single engine fighter. Produced for a Swedish order, the aircraft went to China as Lend-Lease after the contract was stopped in 1940. Saw action against Japanese fighters 1941-43. USAAF versions used solely for training purposes.

P-26 (PEASHOOTER). Single engine fighter. Relegated to training duties prior to Dec 1941 by USAAF. Philippine AF aircraft engaged Japanese bombers without success while Chinese aircraft were more successful when defending Nanking and Shanghai.

A-12 (SHRIKE). Single engine attack bomber. Obsolete by Dec 1941, the few

FRENCH AIRCRAFT OF WWII

NAME	[11]	(-)	(-)	(-)	. (-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
DESIGNATION	or[11]	AM 143M	Am 354B	VG 33C	Ble S.510	Blo 200	Blo 210BN	Blo 131RB	Blo 151	Blo 152	Blo 155
ROLE	0-3	2	2	0	0	2	2	2 (3)	0	0	0
CREW	0-7	5	4	1	1	4	5	4	1	1	1
FUEL	1-255	73	68	. 37	36	53	80	54	22	19	30
PAYLOAD	0-63	14	9	0	0	10	12	6	0	0	0
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	26	33	36	29	25	32	24	33	34	36
MAX. SPEED	1-41	10	15	17	12	9	10	11	15	16	16
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	13	13	17	16	14	11	12	13	15	15
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	8	11	12	9	7	7	8	11	12	13
CLIMB RATE	1-15	4	8	14	15	4	5	5	12	10	9
FIREPOWER	0-7	2	2	5	4	1	1	1	4	4	5
MANOEUVER.	0-7	3	4	5	7	2	3	3	5	6	6
VULNERABILITY	0-7	3	3	4	2	2	3	3	4	4	5
NIGHT	Y/N _s	N (Y)	Υ	N	N	N	N (Y)	N (Y)	N	N	N
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c. 150	c. 70	c. 50	c. 60	c. 330	c. 80	c. 140	c. 140	c. 480	c. 30

NAME	[11]	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	Cyclone	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
DESIGNATION	or[11]	Blo 162	Blo 174A	Blo 175B	Bre 521	Bre 693AB	C. 714	D 510	D 520	F 222	NC 223
ROLE	0-3	2	3	2	3	2	0	0	0	2	2
CREW	0-7	5	3	3	6	2	1	1	1	5	5
FUEL	1-255	69	51	50	203	55	28	40	28	74	99
PAYLOAD	0-63	26	4	5	3	3	0	0	0	31	31
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	30	36	34	20	26	30	33	36	26	26
MAX. SPEED	1-41	17	16	17	8	15	15	12	17	11	12
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	18	17	17	4	7	16	9	20	13	13
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	13	12	12	5	9	12	8	12	10	9
CLIMB RATE	1-15	6	12	10	4	9	10	13	11	5	7
FIREPOWER	0-7	2	3	3	2	4 (5)	4	4	5	2	2
MANOEUVER.	0-7	1	4	4	0	4	6	6	6	1	1
VULNERABILITY	0-7	4	4	5	3	4	3	4	5	4	5
NIGHT	Y/N	N (Y)	N	N	N (Y)	N	N	N	N	Υ	Υ
TOT, PROD.	[#]	1	c. 60	c. 170	c. 30	c. 390	c. 100	c. 130	c. 910	c. 50	c, 10

NAME	[11]	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
DESIGNATION	or[11]	Late 298D	LeO 206	LeO 451B	LN 401	MS 406	Po 631C	Po 633B	Po 63.11	Po 65	C.A.O. 200
ROLE	0-3	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	3	2	0
CREW	0-7	2	4	4	1	1	3	2	3	3	1
FUEL	1-255	88	.110	85	47	25	55	49	47	38	28
PAYLOAD	0-63	4	8	15	2	0	0	3	3	2	0
SERVICE CEIL.	11-41	21	25	30	31	31	30	26	28	20	36
MAX, SPEED	1-41	9	7	15	12	15	14	14	13	9	17
OPT. ALTITUDE	1-31	7	10	16	13	15	15	14	16	6	16
CRUIS, SPEED	1-31	7	6	12	9	12	8	10	12	8	12
CLIMB RATE	1-15	4	3	6	9	13	11	8	8	5	13
FIREPOWER	0-7	2	2	2 (3)	3	3 (4)	3 (5)	1	1 (3) (5)	0 (1)	3
MANOEUVER.	0-7	3	2	3	4	5	4	5	4	2	6
VULNERABILITY	0-7	3	3	4	3	4	4	4	4	3	5
NIGHT	Y/N	N	N (Y)	N (Y)	N (Y)	N	N (Y)	N	N (Y)	N	N
TOT, PROD.	[#]	c, 130	c. 40	c. 580	c. 70	c. 1,200	c, 300	c. 140	c. 900	c, 80	1

aircraft still in USAAF use were mostly destroyed in the Pearl Harbour attack. Chinese versions operational in early days of the Sino-Japanese war.

French Aircraft

Am 143M. Twin engine reconnaissance bomber. Entered service 1935 and although obsolete by 1940, saw action in day and night roles in the Battle of France. Subsequently served with the Vichy AF in North Africa.

Am 354B. Twin engine medium bomber. Only 50 aircraft were operational by May 1940 because of chronic production delays. Saw limited action in night bombing role. An excellent airframe later used by the Vichy AF in transport and other roles.

VG 33C. Single engine interceptor fighter. Another aircraft arriving too late to have any impact on the Battle of France. Only 40 were operational by May 10th. Promising type.

Ble S. 510. Single engine biplane fighter. Entered service 1936 as the last French biplane. Used by Republican forces in the Spanish Civil War but relegated to second-line and training duties by May 10th.

Blo 200. Twin engine medium bomber. Entered service 1933 and although obsolete, equipped four Continental Groupes in Sept 1939. Relegated to training duties and service in Syria by May 10th.

BIo 210BN. Twin engine medium bomber. Entered service 1935 and by May 10th still operated as the principal medium bomber of the FAF. Used extensively, day and night, in the Battle of France but inadequate performance against modern Luftwaffe types caused heavy losses.

Blo 131 RB. Twin engine reconnaissance bomber. Entered service late 1938. After sustaining heavy losses in daylight reconnaissance of German border, relegated to night, training and overseas duties.

BIO 151. Single engine fighter. Entered service 1938 but poor performance characteristics forced its early relegation to training duties. Saw some action against Italian fighters in the south in the closing days of the Battle of France.

Blo 152. Single engine fighter. Improved version of Blo 151 which entered service in early 1940. Two-thirds remained grounded because of unavailability of correct propellers. Eventually saw some action in the Battle of France and performed well against most Luftwaffe types.

Blo 155. Single engine fighter. Redesigned version of the Blo 152 incorporating increased armament and armour. Arriving too late to see service in the Battle of France, production was later continued by the Vichy government. A small number were confiscated by the Luftwaffe and used as fighter trainers.

Blo 162. Four engine heavy bomber. Only one aircraft completed prior to June Armistice. Promising performance. Prototype used by the Luftwaffe for clandestine operations 1943-44.

Blo 174A. Twin engine reconnaissance bomber. Entered service early 1940 and used exclusively for daylight recon of German airspace. High speed gave protection against fighter interception. Used in a bombing role by the FFAF against Germany in the closing stages of the Tunisian campaign.

BIO 175B. Twin engine attack bomber. Delivered too late to see action in the Battle of France. Served in Algeria and then against German forces in Tunisia after Allied landings. Some 50 aircraft were used by the Luftwaffe in a training role.

Bre 521. Tri engine reconnaissance flying boat. Entered service 1936 and used in coastal patrol work until the June Armistice. Later used by the FVAF in an ASW role.

Bre 693AB. Twin engine attack bomber. Entered service May 1940 and used extensively in the two months prior to the Armistice. Achieved some success but because of inadequate fighter escort, suffered heavy losses to Bf 109s. Used later by the FVAF and in a training role by the Italian AF.

C.714C (CYCLONE). Single engine interceptor fighter. One Polish Groupe operated this type in June 1940 with mixed results. Later used by the FVAF and as a Luftwaffe trainer.

D 510. Single engine fighter. Successor to the popular D 501 series, it entered service in 1936 and saw action in China and Spain before the outbreak of WWII. Relegated to second-line overseas duty prior to May 1940.

D 520. Single engine fighter. The best French fighter of the war. Only 36 aircraft were operational by May 10th of some 2,000 on order. A further 250 were delivered prior to the Armistice and despite pilot unfamiliarity, more than held their own with the Bf 109. Later used extensively as a Luftwaffe trainer and front-line fighter for the Rumanian and Bulgarian AFs. In FFAF colours from 1944 and used in SE France.

F 222. Four engine heavy bomber. Entered service early 1939 and was the only four engined bomber in operational service at the outbreak of war. Used in various roles including maritime reconnaissance, leaflet dropping and bombing until the Armistice. Thereafter in FVAF service in North Africa.

NC 223. Four engine heavy bomber. Entered service late May 1940, immediately participating in night attacks in Germany. Converted for civil use after the Armistice.

La 298D. Single engine torpedo floatplane. Entered service 1938 and used in army ground support role in the Battle of France against both German and Italian invaders. Later used by the FVAF and finally by the FFAF after Aug 1944 in an ASW role. Very versatile type.

LeO 206. Four engine (in 2 tractor, 2 pusher arrangement) heavy bomber. Entered service 1935 and still on front-line duty in North Africa in Sep 1939. Relegated to training and transport duties by mid 1940.

LeO 451B. Twin engine medium bomber. Entered service late 1939 and equipped 10 Groupes by May 10th. As the only modern bomber available in quantity to the FAF, it operated in both a low level, ground attack role and a strategic night bombing role. Later used by the FVAF and briefly equipped one Italian Gruppo.

LN 401. Single engine dive bomber. Entered service 1939 as a carrier-borne dive bomber and equipped 2 escadrilles by May 1940. Used exclusively in a land-based, ground attack role, suffering heavy casualties because of poor performance and inadequate fighter cover. Relegated to night attacks on the Italian Front in the closing days of the Battle of France.

MS 406. Single engine fighter. Entered service 1937 and was the mainstay fighter of the FAF throughout the Battle of France. Its inferior performance against the Bf 109 resulted in heavy losses. Later saw action against the Allies in Syria and Madagascar while many were confiscated and handed over to the Croatian and Finnish AFs.

Po 631C. Twin engine heavy fighter. Entered service 1936 and equipped 8 escadrilles during the Battle of France. Employed in both day and night fighter roles but suffered heavy losses to enemy fighters as well as friendly forces because of its resemblance to the Bf 110. Later used by the FFAF against German forces in Tunisia.

Po 633B. Twin engine light bomber. Entered service 1937, operating primarily in a

training role. Saw occasional employment in the Battle of France as a ground attack aircraft.

Po 63.11. Twin engine reconnaissance aircraft. Entered service 1940 and equipped 40 Groupes by May 10th. Lacking effective fighter cover, suffered heavy losses in tactical recon and ground attack roles. Later used in the Middle East by both the FVAF and the FFAF. Also used by German, Hungarian and Rumanian AFs as a crew trainer.

Po 65. Twin engine light bomber. Entered service 1938 and saw action in bombing, transport and ambulance roles. Used as a transport by the FVAF.

C.A.O. 200. Single engine interceptor fighter. Designed as a successor to the D 520, only one prototype was completed before the Armistice. Promising type although somewhat under-armed.

Letters Continued from p.4

never get sick of that kind of talk!) I have recommended it to a couple of my miniature wargaming colleagues so hopefully you will end up with a few more SSG enthusiasts in the "Apple Isle'.

You are probably aware that the Backup utility in Russia instructs the user to place the Battlefront master back in drive one. If not, now you know. I trust that the 'What's New' column in *Breakout* 26 which states that *Road to Appomattox* has been indefinitely postponed is merely filthy communist propaganda and lies, as I'm sure I wouldn't be the only disappointed customer if that was the case.

Keep up the good work.

Barrie MacDonald

Hobart, TAS.

RTA is really alive and well... we will deliver! Grant Garraway, the flatulant and flabby writer of that disinformation, has been soundly chastised for causing our customers unnecessary anxiety.

The game is on our schedule for release sometime in 1988. I can assure you; nobody will be happier to see this project completed than yours truly. It is very likely that the game will take longer to develop than the war took to fight!

Battleaxe Continued from p.22

British units from the frontier and fouled the British lines of communication and supply.

The German flank assault with the Panzer Grenadier regiments was a rude shock to the British, and their whole Corps was in danger of being enveloped and destroyed. The British player has the advantage of hindsight and can deploy some units to meet the threat from the south. The hardest decision to be made is which formation can be spared. The dilemma which arises is that to breach the frontier requires every available unit, yet the German thrust from the south threatens full envelopment. We will leave it to the player to best determine his own answer. It has been found that whole regiments have ben surrounded and yet managed to fight their way back to the British lines. On a final note; Matilda jocks should stay away from 88s.

As noted in the British player notes, the outcome of the first day's operations will usually determine the ultimate victor. Unfortunately, this is when the German forces are at their weakest. You will initially have to be guided by the strategy that the British have chosen to follow, though you should expect that heavy pressure will be exerted on Group Bach at Halfaya Pass. The three battalions of Group Bach at Halfaya Pass have been given zero movement points to ensure that they do not easily give up those vital hexes.

Do not use the Ad-Hoc division for offensive operations, but rather give it delay or defend orders. Every turn held is a turn closer to reinforcement. Do not be surprised if the Oasis Companies simply vanish during minor combat. The 8th Panzer Regiment should be used as a 'Fire Brigade' and sent where it is most needed.

The second day sees the arrival of the 5th Light Division and the need to change to an offensive posture. Both the 5th and the 8th Panzer Regiments should be used to stabilize the frontier, while the two Panzer Grenadier regiments should drive on Sidi Sulemein. Be aware of your losses as the British get more points for German losses than you get for British losses. How hard you have to push will ultimately be determined by the initial success of the British. The Germans would do well to remember the famous military principle of 'Divide and Conquer'.

Sealion 1941 Continued from p.32

Directly opposing the invasion is a single British infantry division supported by garrison troops and, of course, a lone battalion of Dad's Army. In immediate reserve is a second division, supported by a complete armoured brigade. These troops begin arriving within hours of the German airdrop.

VARIATIONS

To implement the variations for this scenario, I recommend you engage the services of a friend to secretly modify the scenario. The German OB is listed at full strength; i.e. assuming that British air and naval power has had no effect on its arrival. This highly unlikely. You will need 1 six-sided die. Roll the die once for each class 0, 3 or 7 battalion in the 7th Fleiger Division and reduce its strength by the number shown on the die. Roll the die once for each class 0 or 7 battalion in the 6th Infantry Division and reduce its strength by one less than the number shown on the die.

To simulate the effect of the prelimary bombardment on Allied defenders, roll the die once for each coastal defense battalion (i.e. the CD regiment in the 5th Inf Div) and reduce their fatigue value by the number shown on the die.

0			
1	Flgr	11	Mxd Mor
2	Gren	12	75mm PAK
3	Rifle	13	105mmHow
4	Home Gd	14	25 Pdr
5	Pz Gren	15	PzKw III
6	Assault	16	Matildas
7	Bren Car	17	Cruisers
8	HIf Trks	18	150mm How
9	Armd Car	19	8in How
10	Mxd AT	20	Static

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